



AREA PLANNING SUB-COMMITTEE WEST Wednesday, 12th December, 2018

You are invited to attend the next meeting of **Area Planning Sub-Committee West**, which will be held at:

Council Chamber - Civic Offices on Wednesday, 12th December, 2018 at 7.30 pm.

Derek Macnab Acting Chief Executive

Democratic Services

A. Hendry Tel: (01992) 564243

Officer

Email: democraticservices@eppingforestdc.gov.uk

Members:

Councillors E Webster (Chairman), D Dorrell (Vice-Chairman), R Bassett, R Gadsby, S Heather, L Hughes, H Kane, S Kane, J Lea, A Mitchell, M Sartin, S Stavrou and D Stocker

WEBCASTING/FILMING NOTICE

Please note: this meeting may be filmed for live or subsequent broadcast via the Council's internet site - at the start of the meeting the Chairman will confirm if all or part of the meeting is being filmed. The meeting may also be otherwise filmed by third parties with the Chairman's permission.

You should be aware that the Council is a Data Controller under the Data Protection Act. Data collected during this webcast will be retained in accordance with the Council's published policy.

Therefore by entering the Chamber and using the lower public seating area, you are consenting to being filmed and to the possible use of those images and sound recordings for web casting and/or training purposes. If members of the public do not wish to have their image captured they should sit in the upper council chamber public gallery area or otherwise indicate to the Chairman before the start of the meeting.

If you have any queries regarding this, please contact the Public Relations Manager on 01992 564039.

1. WEBCASTING INTRODUCTION

- 1. This meeting is to be webcast. Members are reminded of the need to activate their microphones before speaking.
- 2. The Chairman will read the following announcement:

"I would like to remind everyone present that this meeting will be broadcast live to the internet (or filmed) and will be capable of repeated viewing (or another use by such third parties).

If you are seated in the lower public seating area it is likely that the recording cameras will capture your image and this will result in the possibility that your image will become part of the broadcast.

This may infringe your human and data protection rights and if you wish to avoid this you should move to the upper public gallery."

2. ADVICE TO PUBLIC AND SPEAKERS ATTENDING THE COUNCIL PLANNING SUB-COMMITTES (Pages 5 - 8)

General advice to people attending the meeting is attached.

3. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

4. MINUTES (Pages 9 - 18)

To confirm the minutes of the last meeting of the Sub-Committee held on 14 November 2018.

5. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

To declare interests in any item on this agenda.

6. ANY OTHER BUSINESS

Section 100B(4)(b) of the Local Government Act 1972, requires that the permission of the Chairman be obtained, after prior notice to the Chief Executive, before urgent business not specified in the agenda (including a supplementary agenda of which the statutory period of notice has been given) may be transacted.

7. EPPING FOREST DISTRICT LOCAL PLAN SUBMISSION VERSION - PLANNING POLICY BRIEFING NOTE

A Planning Policy Briefing Note (March 2018) has been produced by the Planning Policy Team to ensure that a consistent approach is taken to the provision of planning policy advice for the District, particularly in relation to the Epping Forest District Local Plan Submission Version, which was published on 18 December 2017.

The primary purpose of the Planning Policy Briefing Note is to inform the development management process and to provide assistance for Development Management Officers, Councillors, applicants and planning agents. The Planning Policy Briefing Note is available at:

http://www.efdclocalplan.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/03/Planning-Policy-Briefing-Note Mar-2018.pdf

8. DEVELOPMENT CONTROL (Pages 19 - 54)

(a) Site Visits

To identify and agree requirements for formal site visits to be held with regard to any planning application listed in this agenda for consideration under Section (b) (Planning Applications) below, prior to consideration of the application.

This opportunity for members to identify and agree requirements for formal site visits to be held prior to consideration of a planning application is being operated on a trial basis from the commencement of the 2018/19 municipal year, until 30 November 2018. The success of this arrangement will be reviewed by the Constitution Working Group at the end of the trial period.

(b) Planning Applications

To consider planning applications as set out in the attached schedule.

Background Papers:

- (i) Applications for determination applications listed on the schedule, letters of representation received regarding the applications which are summarised on the schedule.
- (ii) Enforcement of Planning Control the reports of officers inspecting the properties listed on the schedule in respect of which consideration is to be given to the enforcement of planning control.

9. PROBITY IN PLANNING - APPEAL DECISIONS, 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 2018 (Pages 55 - 74)

To consider the attached report.

10. EXCLUSION OF PUBLIC AND PRESS

Exclusion: To consider whether, under Section 100(A)(4) of the Local Government Act 1972, the public and press should be excluded from the meeting for the items of business set out below on grounds that they will involve the likely disclosure of exempt information as defined in the following paragraph(s) of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Act (as amended) or are confidential under Section 100(A)(2):

Agenda Item No	Subject	Exempt Information
		Paragraph Number
Nil	Nil	Nil

The Local Government (Access to Information) (Variation) Order 2006, which came into effect on 1 March 2006, requires the Council to consider whether maintaining the exemption listed above outweighs the potential public interest in disclosing the information. Any member who considers that this test should be applied to any currently exempted matter on this agenda should contact the proper officer at least 24 hours prior to the meeting.

Background Papers: Article 17 - Access to Information, Procedure Rules of the Constitution define background papers as being documents relating to the subject matter of the report which in the Proper Officer's opinion:

- (a) disclose any facts or matters on which the report or an important part of the report is based; and
- (b) have been relied on to a material extent in preparing the report and does not include published works or those which disclose exempt or confidential information and in respect of executive reports, the advice of any political advisor.

The Council will make available for public inspection for four years after the date of the meeting one copy of each of the documents on the list of background papers.

Advice to Public and Speakers at the Council's District Development Management Committee and Area Plans Sub-Committees

Are the meetings open to the public?

Yes all our meetings are open for you to attend. Only in special circumstances are the public excluded.

When and where is the meeting?

Details of the location, date and time of the meeting are shown at the top of the front page of the agenda along with the details of the contact officer and Members of the Committee.

Can I speak?

If you wish to speak **you must register with Democratic Services by 4.00 p.m. on the day before the meeting**, by telephoning the number shown on the front page of the agenda. Speaking to a Planning Officer will not register you to speak; you must register with Democratic Service. Speakers are not permitted on Planning Enforcement or legal issues.

Who can speak?

Three classes of speakers are generally allowed: One objector (maybe on behalf of a group), the local Parish or Town Council and the applicant or his/her agent. In some cases, a representative of another authority consulted on the application may also be allowed to speak.

What can I say?

You will be allowed to have your say about the application but you must bear in mind that you are limited to three minutes. At the discretion of the Chairman, speakers may clarify matters relating to their presentation and answer questions from Committee members.

If you are not present by the time your item is considered, the Committee will determine the application in your absence.

If you have registered to speak on a planning application to be considered by the District Development Management Committee, Area Plans Sub-Committee East, Area Plans Sub-Committee West or Area Plans Sub-Committee South you will address the Committee from within the Council Chamber at the Civic Offices. If you simply wish to attend a meeting of any of these Committees to observe the proceedings, you will be seated in the public gallery of the Council Chamber.

Can I give the Councillors more information about my application or my objection?

Yes you can but it must not be presented at the meeting. If you wish to send further information to Councillors, their contact details can be obtained from Democratic Services or our website www.eppingforestdc.gov.uk. Any information sent to Councillors should be copied to the Planning Officer dealing with the application.

How are the applications considered?

The Committee will consider applications in the agenda order. On each case they will listen to an outline of the application by the Planning Officer. They will then hear any speakers' presentations.

The order of speaking will be (1) Objector, (2) Parish/Town Council, then (3) Applicant or his/her agent. The Committee will then debate the application and vote on either the recommendations of officers in the agenda or a proposal made by the Committee. Should the Committee propose to follow a course of action different to officer recommendation, it is required to give its reasons for doing so.

An Area Plans Sub-Committee is required to refer applications to the District Development Management Committee where:

- (a) the Sub-Committee's proposed decision is a substantial departure from:
 - (i) the Council's approved policy framework; or
 - (ii) the development or other approved plan for the area; or
 - (iii) it would be required to be referred to the Secretary of State for approval as required by current government circular or directive;
- (b) the refusal of consent may involve the payment of compensation; or
- (c) the District Development Management Committee have previously considered the application or type of development and has so requested; or
- (d) the Sub-Committee wish, for any reason, to refer the application to the District Development Management Committee for decision by resolution.

Further Information

Further information can be obtained from Democratic Services or through our leaflet 'Your Choice, Your Voice'.

Area Planning Subcommittee West 2018-19

Members of the Committee and Wards Represented:



CIIr Webster Waltham Abbey Paternoster



CIIr Dorrell Waltham Abbey Lower Nazeing Paternoster



CIIr Bassett



Cllr Gadsby Waltham Abbey South West



CIIr Heather Waltham Abbey Honey Lane



Cllr Hughes Broadley Common, **Epping Upland** and Nazeing



Cllr H Kane Waltham Abbey South West



CIIr S Kane Waltham Abbey Honey Lane



CIIr Lea Waltham Abbey North East



CIIr Mitchell Waltham Abbey North East



CIIr Sartin Roydon



CIIr Stavrou Waltham Abbey High Beach



CIIr Stocker Waltham Abbey Honey Lane



EPPING FOREST DISTRICT COUNCIL COMMITTEE MINUTES

Committee: Area Planning Sub-Committee **Date**: 14 November 2018

West

Council Chamber - Civic Offices Place: Time: 7.30 - 8.43 pm

Members E Webster (Chairman), D Dorrell (Vice-Chairman), R Gadsby, S Heather,

H Kane, S Kane, J Lea, A Mitchell, S Stavrou and D Stocker Present:

Other

Councillors:

Apologies: L Hughes and M Sartin

Officers J Godden (Principal Planning Officer (Heritage, Enforcement Present:

Landscaping)), J Leither (Democratic Services Officer) and A Rose

(Marketing & Digital Content Officer)

31. WEBCASTING INTRODUCTION

The Chairman made a short address to remind all present that the meeting would be broadcast on the Internet, and that the Council had adopted a protocol for the webcasting of its meetings. The Sub-Committee noted the Council's Protocol for Webcasting of Council and Other Meetings.

32. WELCOME AND INTRODUCTION

The Chairman welcomed members of the public to the meeting and outlined the procedures and arrangements agreed by the Council, to enable persons to address the Sub-Committee in relation to the determination of applications for planning permission.

33. **MINUTES**

RESOLVED:

That the minutes of the meeting of the Sub-Committee held on 17 October 2018 be taken as read and signed by the Chairman as a correct record.

DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST 34.

- Pursuant to the Council's Code of Member Conduct. Councillor S Stavrou declared non-pecuniary interests in the following items of the agenda by virtue of having knowing the applicant with regard to EPF/1169/18 and knowing the agent with regard to EPF/2227/18. The Councillor had determined that her interests were not prejudicial and that she would remain in the meeting for the consideration of the item and voting thereon:
 - EPF/1169/18 Pipers Farm, Lippitts Hill, Waltham Abbey; and
 - EPF/2227/18 Tomworld, Shottentons Farm, Pecks Hill, Nazeing.

35. ANY OTHER BUSINESS

It was reported that there was no urgent business for consideration at the meeting.

36. EPPING FOREST DISTRICT LOCAL PLAN SUBMISSION VERSION - PLANNING POLICY BRIEFING NOTE

It was noted that the Epping Forest District Local Plan Submission Version Planning Policy Briefing note was available at:

http://www.efdclocalplan.org/wpcontent/uploads/2018/03/Planning-Policy-Briefing-Note Mar-2018.pdf

37. DEVELOPMENT CONTROL

(a) Site Visits

It was noted that there were no formal site visits requested by members prior to the consideration and determination of the following applications.

(b) Planning Applications

The Sub-Committee considered a schedule of applications for planning permission.

RESOLVED:

That, Planning applications numbered 1 - 5 be determined as set out in the annex to these minutes.

CHAIRMAN

APPLICATION No:	EPF/3359/17
SITE ADDRESS:	Land to rear of 54 Sun Street Waltham Abbey Essex EN9 1EJ
PARISH:	Waltham Abbey
WARD:	Waltham Abbey South West
DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL:	The erection of a one and a half storey building for a flexible A1 (retail)/A2 (financial and professional) use.
DECISION:	Deferred

Click on the link below to view related plans and documents for this case: http://planpub.eppingforestdc.gov.uk/NIM.websearch/ExternalEntryPoint.aspx?SEARCH_TYPE=1&DOC_CLASS_CODE=PL&FOLDER1_REF=603337

Deferred for further information

APPLICATION No:	EPF/0530/18
SITE ADDRESS:	38 Honey Lane Waltham Abbey Essex EN9 3BS
PARISH:	Waltham Abbey
WARD:	Waltham Abbey Honey Lane
DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL:	Demolition of existing dwelling and detached residential annex. Removal of existing vehicular access. Construction of new residential apartment block containing 14 dwellings.
DECISION:	Refused

Click on the link below to view related plans and documents for this case:

http://plannub.engingforgstdc.gov.uk/NIM.websagre/leyternalEntryPoint.esgv2SEARCH_TYPE=18.DOC_CLASS_CODE=01.8ECI.DEP1_REFE=8.0627.

REASONS FOR REFUSAL

1. The proposed development would cause an unacceptable adverse impact on the character and appearance of Honey Lane as the design has an excessively bulky and high form which is stark and out of character with the existing street scene, contrary to the NPPF and the Local Plan (as amended) policies CP3, DBE1, and DBE2 of the Adopted Local Plan and Alterations and policy DM9 of the Epping Forest District Local Plan (Submissions Version) 2017

Member considered the scheme but raised serious objections to the design in terms of its height, bulk and massing on a site which is the start of Honey Lane which is characterised by detached and semidetached 2 storey houses of traditional designs. This scheme is a stark and incongruous design which is out of keeping with the street scene in Honey Lane which has a different character and appearance to the neighbouring Roundhills estate to the west. The site is elevated and this topographical feature would exacerbate the impact of the 4 storey building proposed. Members were concerned that this is the wrong design for this site and one which would disfigure the area and set an unacceptable precedent.

Way forward – to change the design to a smaller and less bulky scheme

APPLICATION No:	EPF/1169/18
SITE ADDRESS:	Pipers Farm Lippitts Hill Waltham Abbey Essex IG10 4AL
PARISH:	Waltham Abbey
WARD:	Waltham Abbey High Beach
DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL:	Demolition of existing buildings and construction of 3 new detached dwelings with associated works.
DECISION:	Grant Permission (Subject to Legal Agreement)

Click on the link below to view related plans and documents for this case:

http://planpub.eppingforestdc.gov.uk/NIM.websearch/ExternalEntryPoint.aspx?SEARCH_TYPE=1&DOC_CLASS_CODE=PL&FOLDER1_REF=608695

CONDITIONS

- The development hereby permitted must be begun not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this notice.
- The development hereby permitted will be completed strictly in accordance with the approved drawings nos: 1601/: 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11, 12 and 13
- No construction works above ground level shall have taken place until documentary and photographic details of the types and colours of the external finishes have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority, in writing, prior to the commencement of the development. The development shall be implemented in accordance with such approved details.
- No works to or demolition of buildings or structures that may be used by breeding birds shall take place between 1st March and 31st August inclusive, unless a competent ecologist has undertaken a careful, detailed check for active birds' nests immediately before the structure is demolished and provided written confirmation that no birds will be harmed and/or that there are appropriate measures in place to protect nesting bird interest on site. Any such written confirmation should be submitted to EFDC.
- A mitigation licence for bats from Natural England will be necessary to commence demolition works. A Bat Low Impact Class Licence might be appropriate. The licence must be submitted to EFDC for confirmation.

- A construction method statement for bats should be submitted to EFDC for approval confirming that a licensed ecologist will inspect the structures pre-works and that the roof will be soft-stripped to ensure no bats are harmed/killed during demolition.
- No works which include the creation of trenches or culverts or the presence of pipes shall commence until measures to protect badgers and/or hedgehogs from being trapped in open excavations are submitted to and approved in writing by EFDC. The measures may include:
 - a) Creation of sloping escape ramps for mammals, which may be achieved by edge profiling of trenches/excavations or by using planks placed into them at the end of each working day; and
 - b) Open pipework being blanked off at the end of each working day.
- Prior to commencement, a lighting design strategy for bats shall be submitted to and approved by EFDC. The strategy shall:
 - a) Identify those areas/features on site that are particularly sensitive for bats and that are likely to cause disturbance in or around their breeding sites and resting places or along important routes used to access key areas of their territory.
 - b) Show how and where external lighting will be installed so that it can be clearly demonstrated that areas to be lit will not disturb or prevent bats using their territory.
- 9 A biodiversity enhancement plan is to be submitted to EFDC. This will include bat and bird boxes, the planting of bat-friendly flowers and shrubs and hedgehog access points.
- Prior to first occupation of the development hereby approved, details of foul and surface water disposal shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be implemented in accordance with such agreed details.
- Prior to first occupation of the development, measures shall be incorporated within the development to ensure a water efficiency standard of 110 litres (or less) per person per day.
- Wheel washing or other cleaning facilities for vehicles leaving the site during construction works shall be installed and utilised to clean vehicles immediately before leaving the site. Any mud or other material deposited on nearby roads as a result of the development shall be removed.
- Prior to first occupation of the development hereby approved, 1 Electric Vehicle Charging Point for each dwelling that has a garage or allocated parking space and 1 Electric Vehicle Charging Point for every 10 properties that share unallocated parking shall be installed and retained thereafter for use by the occupants of the site.

- No development shall commence until an assessment of the risks posed by any 14 contamination, carried out in accordance with British Standard BS 10175: Investigation of potentially contaminated sites - Code of Practice and the Environment Agency's Model Procedures for the Management of Land Contamination (CLR 11) (or equivalent British Standard and Model Procedures if replaced), shall have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. If any contamination is found, a report specifying the measures to be taken, including the timescale, to remediate the site to render it suitable for the approved development shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The site shall be remediated in accordance with the approved measures and timescale and a verification report shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. If, during the course of development, any contamination is found which has not been previously identified, work shall be suspended and additional measures for its remediation shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The remediation of the site shall incorporate the approved additional measures and a verification report for all the remediation works shall be submitted to the local planning authority within 21 days of the report being completed and approved in writing by the local planning authority.
- Following completion of the measures identified in the approved remediation scheme, and prior to the first use or occupation of the development, a verification report that demonstrates the effectiveness of the remediation carried out must be produced together with any necessary monitoring and maintenance programme and copies of any waste transfer notes relating to exported and imported soils shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval. The approved monitoring and maintenance programme shall be implemented.
- In the event that any evidence of potential contamination is found at any time when carrying out the approved development that was not previously identified in the Phase 2 report, work shall be suspended and additional measures for its remediation shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The remediation of the site shall incorporate the approved additional measures and a verification report for all the remediation works shall be submitted to the local planning authority within 21 days of the report being completed and approved in writing by the local planning authority.
- All construction/demolition works and ancillary operations, including vehicle movement on site which are audible at the boundary of noise sensitive premises, shall only take place between the hours of 07.30 to 18.30 Monday to Friday and 08.00 to 13.00 hours on Saturday, and at no time during Sundays and Public/Bank Holidays unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
- Prior to the first occupation of the development the vehicle parking and turning areas as indicated on the approved plans shall be provided, hard surfaced, sealed and marked out. The parking and turning areas shall be retained in perpetuity for their intended purpose.

APPLICATION No:	EPF/2227/18
SITE ADDRESS:	'Tomworld' Shottentons Farm Pecks Hill Nazeing Essex EN9 2NY
PARISH:	Nazeing
WARD:	Lower Nazeing
DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL:	Temporary stationing of caravans for occupation by horticultural workers for a period of three years and associated parking provision.
DECISION:	Refuse Permission

Click on the link below to view related plans and documents for this case:

http://planpub.eppingforestdc.gov.uk/NIM.websearch/ExternalEntryPoint.aspx?SEARCH_TYPE=1&DOC_CLASS_CODE=PL&FOLDER1_REF=613473

REASON FOR REFUSAL

- The proposal amounts to inappropriate development in the Green Belt. Inappropriate development is, by definition harmful to the Green Belt. In addition the proposal would cause additional harm to its openness. The proposal is therefore contrary to policies GB2A and GB7A of the Adopted Local Plan and with policy DM4 of the Epping Forest Local Plan (Submission Version) 2017.
- The proposal fails to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the competent authority that the development as proposed would not cause a significant harmful impact on the integrity of the Epping Forest Special Area of Conservation. The proposal is therefore contrary to policy NC1 of the Adopted Local Plan, with policies DM2 and DM22 of the Epping Forest Local Plan (Submission Version) 2017, with the objectives of the National Planning Policy Framework and with the requirements of the Habitat Regulations 2017.
- The proposed development will appear as a prominent and incongruous feature within the context of the existing area which is predominantly characterised by open field patterns and open landscape. The proposal is therefore contrary to policies CP2 and DBE4 of the Adopted Local Plan, with policy DM9 of the Epping Forest Local Plan (Submission Version) and with the objectives of the National Planning Policy Framework.
- The circumstances advanced by the applicant do not amount to the very special circumstances required to clearly outweigh the identified harm to the Green Belt and any other harm, which in this case is the additional harm caused to the character and appearance of the area and the potential harm on the Epping Forest Special Area of Conservation. The proposal is therefore contrary to the policies of the Development Plan.

APPLICATION No:	EPF/2240/18
SITE ADDRESS:	Curtilage of Yew Tree Cottage High Road Epping Essex CM16 4DJ
PARISH:	Epping Upland
WARD:	Broadley Common, Epping Upland and Nazeing
DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL:	Enlargement of an existing bungalow and garage to create a new detached bungalow.
DECISION:	Grant Permission (With Conditions)

Click on the link below to view related plans and documents for this case:

http://planpub.eppingforestdc.gov.uk/NIM.websearch/ExternalEntryPoint.aspx?SEARCH_TYPE=1&DOC_CLASS_CODE=PL&FOLDER1_REF=613515

CONDITIONS

- 1 The development hereby permitted must be begun not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this notice.
- The external finishes of the development hereby permitted shall match in material, colour, style, bonding and texture those of the existing building.
- The development hereby permitted will be completed strictly in accordance with the approved drawings nos: TC/0000/PP/01 dated 29 October 2018, TC/0000/PP/02 dated 29 October 2018, TC/0000/PP/03 dated 29 October 2018, TC/0000/PP/04 dated 29 October 2018, TC/0000/PP/05 dated 29 October 2018, TC/0000/PP/06 dated 29 October 2018, TC/0000/PP/07 dated 29 October 2018, TC/0000/PP/08 dated 29 October 2018.
- All construction/demolition works and ancillary operations, including vehicle movement on site which are audible at the boundary of noise sensitive premises, shall only take place between the hours of 07.30 to 18.30 Monday to Friday and 08.00 to 13.00 hours on Saturday, and at no time during Sundays and Public/Bank Holidays unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning General Permitted Development Order 1995 as amended (or any other order revoking, further amending or re-enacting that order) no development generally permitted by virtue of Schedule 2, Part 1, Classes B and C shall be undertaken without the prior written permission of the Local Planning Authority.

Agenda Item 8

AREA PLANS SUB-COMMITTEE 'WEST'

12 December 2018

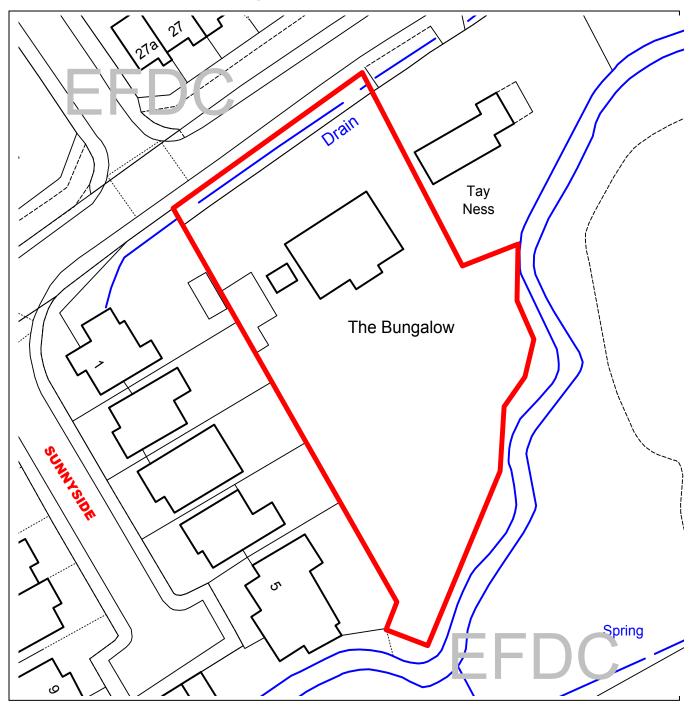
INDEX OF PLANNING APPLICATIONS

ITEM	REFERENCE	SITE LOCATION	OFFICER RECOMMENDATION	PAGE
1.	EPF/1092/18	The Bungalow Hoe Lane Nazeing Essex EN9 2RQ	Grant Permission (Subject to Legal Agreement)	20
2.	EPF/1351/18	Former Chimes Garden Centre and Nazebourne (no. 93) Old Nazeing Road Nazeing Essex EN10 6RJ	Grant Permission (Subject to Legal Agreement)	28
3.	EPF/2412/18	Brick Lock Cottage Glen Faba Roydon Essex CM19 5EW	Grant Permission (With Conditions)	44
4.	EPF/2414/18	Brick Lock Cottage Glen Faba Roydon Essex CM19 5EW	Grant Permission (With Conditions)	50



Epping Forest District Council

Agenda Item Number 1



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Application Number:	EPF/1092/18
Site Name:	The Bungalow, Hoe Lane, Nazeing, Essex, EN9 2RQ
Scale of Plot:	1:500

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APPLICATION No:	EPF/1092/18
APPLICATION NO.	EFF/1092/10
SITE ADDRESS:	The Bungalow
	Hoe Lane
	Nazeing
	Essex
	EN9 2RQ
	LIVO ZINQ
DADIOLI	N
PARISH:	Nazeing
WARD:	Lower Nazeing
APPLICANT:	Mr S Downes
DESCRIPTION OF	Development of 3 dwellings.
PROPOSAL:	2010.0pmont of a monningo.
RECOMMENDED	Crant Darmissian (Subject to Logal Agreement)
	Grant Permission (Subject to Legal Agreement)
DECISION:	

Click on the link below to view related plans and documents for this case: http://planpub.eppingforestdc.gov.uk/NIM.websearch/ExternalEntryPoint.aspx?SEARCH_TYPE=1&DOC_CLASS_CODE=PL&FOLDER1_REF=608356

CONDITIONS

- The development hereby permitted must be begun not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this notice.
- The development hereby permitted will be completed strictly in accordance with the approved drawings nos: A-1701-SK: 09F, 10F, 11F, 12F
- The window openings in the southern flank elevation of the dwelling on plot 1 and the northern flank elevation of the dwelling on plot 3 shall be entirely fitted with obscured glass with a minimum Level 3 obscurity and have fixed frames to a height of 1.7 metres above the floor of the room in which the window is installed and shall be permanently retained in that condition.
- 4 No construction works above ground level shall have taken place until documentary and photographic details of the types and colours of the external finishes have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority, in writing, prior to the commencement of the development. The development shall be implemented in accordance with such approved details.
- The development hereby approved shall be carried out in accordance with the flood risk assessment (Ken Rush Associates Flood Risk Assessment, Ref 17-6121, April 2018) and drainage strategy submitted with the application unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 as amended (or any other Order revoking, further amending or re-enacting that Order) no development generally permitted by virtue of Class A of Part 1 of Schedule 2 to the Order shall be undertaken without the prior written permission of the Local Planning Authority.

- No development shall take place until wheel washing or other cleaning facilities for vehicles leaving the site during construction works have been installed in accordance with details which shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved installed cleaning facilities shall be used to clean vehicles immediately before leaving the site.
- If any tree, shrub or hedge shown to be retained in accordance with the approved plans and particulars is removed, uprooted or destroyed, or dies, or becomes severely damaged or diseased within 3 years of the completion of the development, another tree, shrub or hedge of the same size and species shall be planted within 3 months at the same place, unless the Local Planning Authority gives its written consent to any variation. If within a period of five years from the date of planting any replacement tree, shrub or hedge is removed, uprooted or destroyed, or dies or becomes seriously damaged or defective another tree, shrub or hedge of the same species and size as that originally planted shall, within 3 months, be planted at the same place.
- All construction/demolition works and ancillary operations, including vehicle movement on site which are audible at the boundary of noise sensitive premises, shall only take place between the hours of 07.30 to 18.30 Monday to Friday and 08.00 to 13.00 hours on Saturday, and at no time during Sundays and Public/Bank Holidays unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
- Prior to the first occupation of the development both accesses shall be increased to a minimum width of 5 metres for at least the first 6 metres from the back edge of the carriageway and provided with an appropriate dropped kerb crossing of the verge.
- No removal of hedgerows, trees or shrubs, or works to or demolition of buildings or structures that may be used by breeding birds, shall take place between 1st March and 31st August inclusive, unless a competent ecologist has undertaken a careful, detailed check of vegetation for active birds' nests immediately before the vegetation is cleared and provided written confirmation that no birds will be harmed and/or that there are appropriate measures in place to protect nesting bird interest on site. Any such written confirmation should be submitted to EFDC.
- Prior to the commencement of any works dusk and dawn surveys for bats should be undertaken in accordance with guidelines from Natural England on the bungalow and garage. These should be submitted to EFDC for approval. Should the surveys reveal the presence of bats, or their breeding sites or resting places then an appropriate and proportionate detailed mitigation and compensation strategy must be written in accordance with any guidelines available from Natural England and submitted to EFDC for approval. Should a Natural England European Protected Species licence (EPS) be required then this should also be submitted to EFDC. All works shall then proceed in accordance with the approved strategy with any amendments agreed in writing.
- A working methodology for the inspection/felling of any low or moderate potential trees for bats (if removal or significant tree work is required on these trees) should be submitted to, and approved by, EFDC.

- Prior to occupation, a lighting design strategy for bats shall be submitted to, and approved by, EFDC. The strategy shall:
 - a) Identify those areas/features on site that are particularly sensitive for bats and that are likely to cause disturbance in or around their breeding sites and resting places along important routes used to access key areas of their territory, for example, for foraging; and
 - b) Show how and where external lighting will be installed (through the provision of appropriate lighting contour plans and technical specifications) so that it can be clearly demonstrated that areas to be lit will not disturb or prevent the above species using their territory or having access to their breeding sites and resting places. All external lighting shall be installed in accordance with the specifications and locations set out in the strategy, and these shall be maintained thereafter in accordance with the strategy. Under no circumstances should any other external lighting be installed without prior consent from the local planning authority.
- A working methodology statement for reptiles shall be submitted to, and approved by, EFDC.
- A biodiversity enhancement plan shall be submitted to, and approved by, EFDC. This will include bat and bird boxes, hedgehog box and corridors, log piles and native planting.
- The Ecological Report submitted by Tim Moya Associates December 2017 and its recommendations and guidelines in section 7 and 8 shall be followed unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

And subject to an appropriate Section 106 legal agreement to secure a financial contribution towards mitigation measures towards the Epping Forest Special Area of Conservation (SAC)

This application is before this Committee since it is for a type of development that cannot be determined by Officers if more than five objections are received on grounds material to the planning merits of the proposal (Pursuant to The Constitution, Part 3: Scheme of Delegation to Officers from Full Council).

Description of site

The application site is located on the southern side of Hoe Lane which is within the settlement of Nazeing. Currently on the site is a relatively sprawled bungalow situated within a large plot. To the immediate east of the site is a fairly large two storey dwelling within a small residential curtilage. To the west are a number of two storey detached dwellings which front onto Sunnyside, whose rear elevations and gardens back onto the site. The application site is not located within the boundaries of the Metropolitan Green Belt and it is on the edge of the Environment Agency Flood Zone.

Description of proposal

The proposed development is to demolish the existing bungalow on the site and to erect three, two storey dwellings on the site. The dwellings would have a similar appearance to each other, with a projecting gable fronting the road and one half of the roof hipped and the other half gabled.

Relevant History

EPF/2197/17 - Development of 4 dwellings – Withdrawn

Policies applied

Local Plan policies

CP2 Protecting the quality of the environment

GB2A Green Belt

DBE1 Design of new buildings

DBE2 Effect on neighbouring properties

DBE4 Design in the Green Belt

DBE8 Private Amenity Space

DBE9 – Neighbour Amenity

DBE6 Parking in new development

ST4 Road safety

ST6 Vehicle Parking

LL2 Inappropriate Rural Development

LL10 Adequacy of landscape retention

LL11 Landscaping Schemes

U3B Sustainable drainage

NC4 Nature conservation

The above policies form part of the Councils 1998 Local Plan. Following the publication of the NPPF, policies from this plan (which was adopted pre-2004) are to be afforded due weight where they are consistent with the Framework. The above policies are broadly consistent with the NPPF and therefore are afforded full weight.

Epping Forest District Local Plan (Submission Version) 2017 (LPSV):

On 14 December 2017 the Council resolved that the LPSV be endorsed as a material consideration to be used in the determination of planning applications and be given appropriate weight in accordance with paragraph 48 of the NPPF.

Paragraph 48 of the NPPF provides that decision-takers may give weight to relevant policies in emerging plans according to:

- The stage of preparation of the emerging plan (the more advanced the preparation, the greater the weight that may be given);
- The extent to which there are unresolved objections to relevant policies (the less significant the unresolved objections, the greater the weight that may be given); and
- The degree of consistency of the relevant policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the NPPF (the closer the policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the NPPF, the greater the weight that may be given).

In general terms it is considered that the Submission Version of the Plan is at an advanced stage of preparation and the policies are considered to be consistent with the NPPF. With regards to unresolved objections, some policies of the Submission Version have more unresolved objections than others. All of these factors have been taken into consideration in arriving at the weight afforded to each of the relevant policies in the context of the proposed development listed below:

SP1 – Presumption in favour of sustainable development

SP6 – The natural environment, landscape character and green infrastructure

T1 – Sustainable transport choices

DM1 – Habitat protection and improving biodiversity

DM2 – Landscape character and ancient landscapes

DM9 - High quality design

DM11 - Waste recycling facilities on new development

DM15 – Managing and reducing flood risk

DM18 – On site management of waste water and water supply

DM21 – Local environment impacts, pollution and land contamination

Consultation carried out and summary of representations received

NAZEING PARISH COUNCIL – OBJECTION - The proposal is overdevelopment and it is not in keeping with the street scene. As the proposed dwellings are positioned further back into the site (to provide off street parking), it will have a serious detrimental effect upon existing neighbouring properties.

16 Neighbours consulted – 14 LETTERS OF OBJECTION RECEIVED

The comments received from neighbours can be summarised as:

- Concern regarding the flood risk
- The proposal will cause harm to the living conditions of nearby residents through a loss of light and substantial overbearing impact
- The new dwellings are out of character with the local area and would be an eyesore
- Hoe Lane is already heavily congested and this will increase this impact
- Noise pollution will cause harm to residents
- The new dwellings will overlook existing residents
- The parking offer is inadequate for this location
- There will be harm to the local environment
- There are significant concerns regarding sewerage issues
- Potential loss of trees will cause harm to the appearance of the area

Issues and considerations

The main issues to consider when assessing this application are the potential impacts on the living conditions of the neighbours, the character and appearance of the area, land drainage issues, highway issues, land contamination and any other material planning considerations.

Living conditions of neighbours

The dwelling which would be located on plot 1 would be approximately 1.3m from the shared boundary with no.1 Sunnyside and this neighbour has a rear garden which is approximately 12m long. The new dwelling on plot 1 would have a hipped roof design on the elevation fronting onto no.1 Sunnyside which means that the full extent of the ridge height will be approximately 4.3m from the shared boundary with this neighbour. Such a distance from the rear elevation of no.1, combined with the relatively wide, open garden of this neighbour will ensure that there would not be significant harm caused to the living conditions of this neighbour. Since this neighbour is the closest on the western side of the new development and it has been found that there would not be a significant impact on their living conditions, it is concluded that there would not be significant harm caused to any other neighbour on Sunnyside.

Turning to the neighbour on the western side, the closest new dwellings (plot 3) will leave a gap of approximately 1m to the shared boundary and project approximately 4m beyond the existing rear elevation of this neighbour. As with the dwelling on plot 1, the dwelling on plot 3 is designed so that it has a hipped roof on the elevation closest to this neighbour and therefore the full extent of

the ridge will be around 4m from the shared boundary. Whilst it is acknowledged that this neighbour has a relatively small rear garden, as a result of its reasonable height and positioning as well as limited net projection that there would not be significant harm caused to the living conditions of this neighbour.

The dwellings located on plots 1 and 3 respectively contain very small first floor windows on the elevations which front towards neighbours. To ensure that there will not be overlooking of these neighbours, it is both reasonable and necessary to impose a planning condition to ensure that these windows are fitted with obscure glass.

In light of the proximity of nearby neighbours, to ensure that their living conditions are safeguarded, it is reasonable and necessary to remove Class A Permitted Development Rights to ensure that any future extensions to the dwellings need to be considered by the Local Planning Authority.

The proposal is therefore concluded to be compliant with policy DBE9 of the Adopted Local Plan and with policy DM9 of the Epping Forest Local Plan (Submission Version) 2017.

Character and appearance

The site is currently heavily screened from views from Hoe Lane due to a robust line of trees on the front elevation of the existing house. Indeed, the bungalow cannot readily been seen from public viewpoints.

In contrast, the new proposals would involve the opening of part of this to allow access onto the site and this would result in the new development being visible from Hoe Lane. The dwellings are however relatively conventional in their appearance, containing traditional elements of residential design which are of a scale and size which is similar to other similar houses in the area.

As a result, subject to a high quality material which can be secured through planning condition it is concluded that the new development would respect the character and appearance of the locality.

Land Drainage

The original iterations of the planning application drew an objection from the Environment Agency, since some of the footprint of buildings would be within Flood Zones 2 and 3. However the extent of the proposed dwellings in terms of their footprint was subsequently reduced through revised drawings and now the Environment Agency are satisfied that the development is within Flood Zone 1 and have withdrawn their objection.

The Council's own Land Drainage Team have commented that the proposal would be acceptable providing that it is carried out in accordance with the submitted Flood Risk Assessment. This can be secured through condition.

Highway issues

The Essex County Council Highway Team have commented that they have no objection to the scheme providing that both accesses are a minimum width of 5m for the first 6m from the back edge of the carriageway. This can be secured through condition and will ensure that the site offers safe and suitable access to the site.

Land Contamination

There is no evidence of any potentially significant contaminating activities having taken place historically on the site. Records indicate that the site formed part of a field until the current dwelling was built in 1935 and the site has since remained in domestic use.

As potential land contamination risks are likely to be low, it should not be necessary for these risks to be regulated under the Planning Regime by way of standard conditions.

Ecology

The Ecology Team have considered the application and have concluded that the proposal is acceptable subject to 6 conditions to safeguard protected species which may be on the site. These conditions are both reasonable and necessary to impose.

Trees and Landscaping

The new development will involve the loss of some of the existing trees on the front elevation of the site to accommodate new access onto the site. These existing trees do not benefit from legal protection, but do nonetheless add to the character and appearance of the street scene. However in this instance it is concluded that their partial loss, to allow for the new accesses would not harm the character and appearance of the area. A condition can ensure that the planting that is shown to be retained on the submitted drawings, shall be so, or suitable replacements planted if they are removed or destroyed.

Epping Forest Special Area of Conservation (SAC)

As set out in Policy DM 2 and DM 22 of the emerging Local Plan, issues have been identified with respect to the effect of development on the integrity of the Epping Forest Special Area of Conservation (SAC) as a result of increased visitor pressure arising from new residential development, and from relatively poor local air quality alongside the roads that traverse the SAC.

Th may increase the number of vehicles using the site and therefore it cannot be ruled out that there may be a significant, in combination impact on the SAC. The Council is currently developing with partners an interim strategy for the management and monitoring of the SAC, in terms of air quality. This will include measures to be funded through the securing of financial contributions from new development in accordance with Policy DM 2. Notwithstanding the fact that this work is yet to be completed the agent has confirmed willingness to enter into a S106 Agreement to assist in the funding of the mitigation measures.

Conclusion

The proposal will not cause significant harm to the living conditions of the neighbours, nor will it cause material harm to the character and appearance of the area. It satisfies all other criteria of the Development Plan and the Epping Forest Local Plan (Submission Version) 2017 and therefore it is recommended that planning permission is granted subject to appropriate conditions and a suitable legal agreement to assist in mitigating potential impacts on the SAC.

Should you wish to discuss the contents of this report item please use the following contact details by 2pm on the day of the meeting at the latest:

Planning Application Case Officer: James Rogers Direct Line Telephone Number: 01992 564 371

or if no direct contact can be made please email: contactplanning@eppingforestdc.gov.uk



Epping Forest District Council

Agenda Item Number 2



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APPLICATION No:	EPF/1351/18
SITE ADDRESS:	Former Chimes Garden Centre and Nazebourne (no. 93) Old Nazeing Road Nazeing Essex EN10 6RJ
PARISH:	Nazeing
WARD:	Lower Nazeing
APPLICANT:	The Chimes Broxbourne Limited
DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL:	Demolition of site buildings and redevelopment to provide 33 new homes
RECOMMENDED DECISION:	Grant Permission (Subject to Legal Agreement)

Click on the link below to view related plans and documents for this case:

http://planpub.eppingforestdc.gov.uk/NIM.websearch/ExternalEntryPoint.aspx?SEARCH_TYPE=1&DOC_CLASS_CODE=PL&FOLDER1_REF=609536

CONDITIONS

- The development hereby permitted must be begun not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this notice.
- The development hereby permitted will be completed strictly in accordance with the approved drawings nos:
- No construction works above ground level shall have taken place until documentary and photographic details of the types and colours of the external finishes have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority, in writing, prior to the commencement of the development. The development shall be implemented in accordance with such approved details.
- 4 Prior to first occupation of the development hereby approved, details of foul and surface water disposal shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be implemented in accordance with such agreed details.
- Prior to first occupation of the development, measures shall be incorporated within the development to ensure a water efficiency standard of 110 litres (or less) per person per day.
- Wheel washing or other cleaning facilities for vehicles leaving the site during construction works shall be installed and utilised to clean vehicles immediately before leaving the site. Any mud or other material deposited on nearby roads as a result of the development shall be removed.

- Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town & Country Planning General Permitted Development Order 1995 (or of any equivalent provision in any Statutory Instrument revoking or re-enacting that Order), the garage(s) hereby approved shall be retained so that it is capable of allowing the parking of cars together with any ancillary storage in connection with the residential use of the site, and shall at no time be converted into a room or used for any other purpose.
- Prior to first occupation of the development, he ecological enhancements set out in the submitted Ecological Enhancement Plan shall be carried out in full.
- Prior to any above ground works, details of the proposed landscaping of the site, including retention of trees and other natural features and the proposed times of planting (linked to the development schedule), shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved landscaping shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details and at the agreed times.
- Prior to the occupation of any phase of the development, for its permitted use, a Landscape Management Plan, including long term design objectives, management responsibilities and maintenance schedules for all landscape areas, other than small, privately owned, domestic gardens, shall be submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority. The landscape management plan shall be carried out as approved.
- 11 Prior to any above ground works, full details of both hard and soft landscape works (including tree planting) and implementation programme (linked to the development schedule) shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. These works shall be carried out as approved. The hard landscaping details shall include, as appropriate, and in addition to details of existing features to be retained: proposed finished levels or contours; means of enclosure; car parking layouts; other minor artefacts and structures, including signs and lighting and functional services above and below ground. The details of soft landscape works shall include plans for planting or establishment by any means and full written specifications and schedules of plants, including species, plant sizes and proposed numbers /densities where appropriate. If within a period of five years from the date of the planting or establishment of any tree, or shrub or plant, that tree, shrub, or plant or any replacement is removed, uprooted or destroyed or dies or becomes seriously damaged or defective another tree or shrub, or plant of the same species and size as that originally planted shall be planted at the same place, unless the Local Planning Authority gives its written consent to any variation.
- Prior to first occupation of the development, a schedule of landscape maintenance for a minimum period of five years shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The schedule shall include details of the arrangements for its implementation. The landscape maintenance plan shall be carried out in accordance with the approved schedule.
- The parking area shown on the approved plan shall be provided prior to the first occupation of the development and shall be retained free of obstruction for the parking of residents and visitors vehicles.
- Prior to first occupation of the development hereby approved, 1 Electric Vehicle Charging Point for each dwelling that has a garage or allocated parking space and 1 Electric Vehicle Charging Point for every 10 properties that share unallocated parking shall be installed and retained thereafter for use by the occupants of the site.

- 15 No development other than above ground demolition shall commence until an assessment of the risks posed by any contamination, carried out in accordance with British Standard BS 10175: Investigation of potentially contaminated sites - Code of Practice and the Environment Agency's Model Procedures for the Management of Land Contamination (CLR 11) (or equivalent British Standard and Model Procedures if replaced), shall have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. If any contamination is found, a report specifying the measures to be taken, including the timescale, to remediate the site to render it suitable for the approved development shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The site shall be remediated in accordance with the approved measures and timescale and a verification report shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. If, during the course of development, any contamination is found which has not been previously identified, work shall be suspended and additional measures for its remediation shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The remediation of the site shall incorporate the approved additional measures and a verification report for all the remediation works shall be submitted to the local planning authority within 21 days of the report being completed and approved in writing by the local planning authority.
- Following completion of the measures identified in the approved remediation scheme, and prior to the first use or occupation of the development, a verification report that demonstrates the effectiveness of the remediation carried out must be produced together with any necessary monitoring and maintenance programme and copies of any waste transfer notes relating to exported and imported soils shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval. The approved monitoring and maintenance programme shall be implemented.
- No development shall take place, including any works of demolition, until a Construction Method Statement has been submitted to, and approved in writing by, the Local Planning Authority. The approved Statement shall be adhered to throughout the construction period. The Statement shall provide for:
 - 1. The parking of vehicles of site operatives and visitors
 - 2. Loading and unloading of plant and materials
 - 3. Storage of plant and materials used in constructing the development
 - 4. The erection and maintenance of security hoarding including decorative displays and facilities for public viewing, where appropriate
 - 5. Measures to control the emission of dust and dirt during construction, including wheel washing.
 - 6. A scheme for recycling/disposing of waste resulting from demolition and construction works.
 - 7. Tree protection measures.
- No works shall take place until the following components of the detailed surface water drainage scheme for the site, based on sustainable drainage principles and as per the submitted Flood Risk Assessment, an assessment of the hydrological and hydrogeological context of the development has been submitted to and agreed by the Local Planning Authority. The approved scheme shall subsequently be implemented in full prior to first occupation of any of the dwellings hereby approved.
- No above ground works shall take place until a maintenance plan detailing the maintenance arrangements including those who are responsible for different elements of the surface water drainage system and the activities/frequencies have been submitted to and agreed by the Local planning Authority. Should any part be

maintainable by a maintenance company details of the long term funding arrangements shall be provided.

The applicant or any successor in title must maintain yearly logs of maintenance that must be carried out in accordance with the approved maintenance plan. These must be made available for inspection upon request by the Local Planning Authority.

And subject to the applicant first entering into a legal agreement under section 106 to secure the provision of 5, 3 bed affordable rented houses on site, and a contribution towards school transport provision, within 2 months of the date of the decision or such longer period as may be agreed with officers.

This application is before this Committee since it is an application for residential development consisting of 10 dwellings or more (other than an application for approval of reserved matters) and is recommended for approval (Pursuant to The Constitution, Part 3: Scheme of Delegation to Officers from Full Council).

Description of Site:

The application site is a roughly triangular area of land which is predominantly hard surfaced and contains a number of buildings and is currently being used without planning permission for open storage purposes. The site is located to the south of the residential area comprising Riverside Avenue and Great Meadow. The northern boundary of the site is bounded by flank garden boundaries of residential properties. To the south and east is open land. The site is accessed from Old Nazeing Road. In addition there is currently a gated but disused access from the end of Great Meadow.

The site lies wholly within the Metropolitan Green Belt and is within the Lea Valley Regional Park. (LVRP) It is not within a conservation area.

The site includes one existing residential property known as Nazebourne.

Description of Proposal:

The proposal is to remove all the existing buildings and hard standing from the site and to redevelop part of the site to provide 33 new dwellings. The proposal is for a mix of dwelling types and sizes as follows

4 x 1 bed flats 1 x 2 bed 23 x 3 bed 5 x 4 bed

They include terraced, detached, and linked detached and range from 1.5 storey chalet bungalow to 2.5 storey houses.

The dwellings are arranged off a proposed 5.5m wide estate road. Land to the south of the proposed houses, but within the red lined application site is an area that has been used for landfill and is proposed to be used as managed open space for the residents, to be maintained through a management company.

The proposals now include the provision of 5 affordable dwellings on site.

Relevant History:

The site has a long and complex planning history but the most recent and relevant applications are as follows:

In 2014 application EPF/0206/14 for redevelopment of this and the adjacent land (to the south west site extending down to the river) for the erection of 43 houses was refused at District Development Control Committee for the following reasons:

- 1. The proposed development includes "more vulnerable" development located within Flood Zone 3. The development does not provide wider sustainability benefits that outweigh the flood risk and does not therefore pass the Exceptions Test. As such the proposal is contrary to the NPPF. Para 102.
- 2. The development, due to the amount of built form that will intrude in to the southern half of the site which is currently free of buildings, will have a significantly greater impact on the openness of the Green Belt than the existing development and as such is inappropriate and by definition harmful. The development is therefore contrary to policy GB2A of the adopted Local Plan and Alterations and to the NPPF.
- 3. The proposal fails to provide on site affordable housing despite such provision being financially viable and the site being suitable for such development, as such the development is contrary to policies H5A, H6A, and H7A of the adopted Local Plan and Alterations and Para 50 of the NPPF.
- 4. By reason of the site's location beyond the statutory walking distance to a secondary school the proposal will generate an additional cost to the Local Education Authority, Essex County Council, for transporting children to secondary school. However, the proposal does not include any mechanism to meet those additional costs. Since the proposal fails to properly address this matter it is not a sustainable form of development and is consequently contrary to policies CP9 (iii) and I1A of the Adopted Local Plan and Alterations, which are consistent with the National Planning Policy Framework.

This decision was upheld on appeal.

Members of the District Development Control Committee however considered that there was a way forward and these were minuted as:

- 1. That the redevelopment of the northern part of the site could be acceptable, as this would avoid the Flood Risk Zone 3, most of the former landfill site and would likely to be acceptable in Green Belt terms;
- 2. That any proposed scheme should include an appropriate element of affordable housing. Although it was acknowledged that this location was not acceptable for high density housing, a suitable development which respected the character of the area could be achieved.

EPF/0570/15 for development of just the northern part of the site (the current application site) for 26 houses was approved by Committee (without any affordable units on site and contrary to the recommendation of the Director of Housing)) subject to a legal agreement requiring £500,000 towards the provision of affordable housing elsewhere and additional monies towards the provision of secondary education and school transport.

Following this approval, the applicant discovered that the decontamination works involved in removing the landfill from under the site and restoring it to the level necessary to make housing development safe, would likely make the development not economically viable. However despite

this a start on the development, in the form of some minor demolition works, has been made such that the permission remains extant.

EPF/ 1232/16 A revised scheme for 17 large detached houses which restricted the developed area to avoid building over the landfill area was approved earlier this year. That approval is subject to a legal agreement to provide a contribution towards the provision of affordable housing off site, together with contributions towards school transport and a requirement to put in place management of the open space above the landfill.

Currently the site is covered by two extant enforcement notices The enforcement notices cover use for car repairs, B2 general industrial uses, stationing of buildings and containers and various unauthorised B1 & B8 uses.

Policies Applied:

Adopted Local Plan Policies

CP1, Sustainable development objectives

CP2 Protecting the Quality of the Rural and built environment

CP3 New Development

CP6 Achieving sustainable development patterns

CP7 Urban Form and Quality

GB2a Development in the Green Belt

BB10 Development in the Lee Valley Regional Park (LVRP)

RP3 Water quality

RP4 Contaminated Land

H1A Housing provision

H2A Previously Developed Land

H3A housing density

H4A Dwelling Mix

H5A Provision of affordable housing

H6A Site thresholds for affordable housing

H7A levels of affordable housing

H8A Availability of affordable housing in perpetuity

H9A Lifetime Homes

RST24 Design and location of development in the LVRP

U1 Infrastructure adequacy

U2A Development in Flood Risk Areas

U2B Flood Risk assessment Zone

U3A catchment effects

U3B Sustainable Drainage Systems

DBE1 design of new buildings

DBE2 Effect on neighbouring properties

DBE3 Design in the Green Belt

DBE5 Design and layout in new development

DBE6 Car Parking in new development

DBE7 Public open space

DBE8 Private Amenity space

DBE9 Loss of amenity

LL1 Rural Landscape

LL2 Inappropriate Rural Development

LL3 Edge of settlement

LL7 Planting protection and care of trees

LL10 Adequacy of provision for landscape retention

LL12 Landscaping schemes

ST1 Location of development ST2 Accessibility of development ST4 Road Safety ST6 Vehicle Parking I1A Planning Obligations I4 Enforcement procedures

The above policies form part of the Council's 1998 Local Plan and Alterations 2006 and are Saved Policies.

National Planning Policy Framework

The Revised National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) (July 2018) states that due weight should be given to relevant policies in existing plans according to their degree of consistency with the framework. The above policies are broadly consistent with the NPPF and should therefore be given appropriate weight.

Epping Forest District Local Plan (Submission Version) 2017:

The Epping Forest Local Plan Submission Version 2017 (LPSV) was submitted for independent examination in September 2018. Accordingly, it can be endorsed as a material consideration to be used in the determination of planning applications and be given appropriate weight in accordance with paragraph 48 of the NPPF.

Paragraph 48 provides that decision-takers may give weight to relevant policies in emerging plans according to:

- the stage of preparation of the emerging plan (the more advanced the preparation, the greater the weight that may be given);
- the extent to which there are unresolved objections to relevant policies (the less significant the unresolved objections, the greater the weight that may be given); and
- the degree of consistency of the relevant policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the NPPF (the closer the policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the NPPF, the greater the weight that may be given).

In general terms it is considered that the Submission Version of the Plan is at an advanced stage of preparation and the policies are considered to be consistent with the NPPF. As regards unresolved objections, some policies within the Submission Version have more unresolved objections than others. All of these factors have been taken into consideration in arriving at the weight accorded to each of the relevant policies in the context of the proposed development listed below:

SP1	Presumption in favour of sustainable development
SP2	Spatial Development Strategy 2011-33
SP6	Green Belt and District Open Land
SP7	The Natural Environment, Landscape Character, and Green and Blue Infrastructure
T1	Sustainable transport choices
T2	Safeguarding of routes and facilities
DM1	Habitat protection and improving biodiversity
DM2	Epping Forest SAC and the Lee Valley SPA
DM3	Landscape Character, Ancient Landscapes and geodiversity
DM4	Green Belt
DM9	High Quality Design
DM10	Housing design and quality
DM15	Managing and reducing flood risk

DM16 Sustainable drainage systems

DM19 Sustainable water use

DM21 Local environmental impacts, pollution and land contamination

DM22 Air quality

SUMMARY OF REPRESENTATIONS

The application was advertised in the Local Press, and site notices were erected 41 neighbours were consulted and the following consultation responses were received:

31 GREAT MEADOW- Object to height and type of houses, the inclusion of flats, loss of privacy, sunlight and tranquillity, too many properties squeezed in, additional congestion. Whilst 1 chalet bungalow is proposed, the properties close to my bungalow should be of this type to reduce the impact.

32 GREAT MEADOW - As per previous applications. No access should be into or from Great Meadow from the new site and dwellings. There should be a wall erected between the site and Great Meadow in place of the temporary structure and the pavement/footpath extended across joining the two sides of Great Meadow as it should be for a Cul-de-sac/block end road.

PARISH COUNCIL - No objection

LVRPA Officer response- The application covers the same footprint of the previous permission and is considered as 'previously developed land'. Although the application is for 33 dwellings, 7 more than the extent permission, the Authority does not wish to object despite its location in the Green Belt and Regional Park.

Issues and Considerations:

The principle of residential development on this previously developed site has already been established.

The main issues for consideration are Green Belt, housing need and affordable housing provision, flood risk, contamination, layout and design, highways and parking, impact on neighbouring amenity, Impact on the Lee Valley Regional Park, impact on ecology and the Epping Forest Special Area of Conservation

Green Belt.

The site lies wholly within the Metropolitan Green Belt and the first assessment must be whether the proposed development is in accordance with Green Belt policy as set out within the NPPF and the adopted Local Plan.

The NPPF states that the Government attaches great importance to Green Belts. The fundamental aim of Green belt Policy is to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open. Construction of new buildings is inappropriate in the Green Belt but the NPPF sets out some exceptions to this, these include

 limited infilling or the partial or complete redevelopment of previously developed sites (brownfield land) whether redundant or in continuing use (excluding temporary buildings) which would not have a greater impact on the openness of the Green Belt and the purposes of including land within it than the existing development. The Council accepts that the majority of the area now proposed for development is previously developed land. It is largely hard surfaced and contains a number of buildings of significant size, which were previously used for commercial purposes.

Redevelopment of the site for housing is therefore not inappropriate provided it would not have a greater impact on openness than the existing built development.

The assessment of the impact on openness is normally based on the volume and spread of built development. In this instance the development will have a greater volume than the existing, but this is tempered by the significant removal of a very large area of hardstanding and the introduction of a large amount of open amenity space, but given the increase in height and volume there still need to be very special circumstances sufficient to outweigh the harm to the green belt in order to justify the increase in built development within the site.

The circumstances which are considered to carry some weight in favour of the development are:

The existence of the current consents for 26 houses and for 17 houses, which would have had a greater volume, than the current proposal.

The visual improvement of what has been a problem site for many years.

A reduction in HGV traffic through Nazeing compared to the lawful use of the site.

The provision of additional housing at a time when the Council is striving to meet its 5 year housing land supply. The context of the Local Plan Submission Version (LPSV) that is altering Green Belt boundaries and allocating land for a significant number of new homes to meet identified future housing requirements is critical to the circumstances with respect to five year housing land supply.

Based on the Council's Housing Implementation Strategy 2017 (EB410) and the Housing Trajectory (LPSV Appendix 5), the plan will deliver a five-year housing land supply throughout the period of operation and secure a 5.3 year supply for the five year period between 2017/18 and 2021/22. This takes into account sites which already have planning permission and the allocations included in the LPSV. The delivery rate is expected to further accelerate from 2022 onward. By the end of the Plan period at 2033, a minimum of 13,152 homes is anticipated to have been delivered through the Local Plan, exceeding the identified requirement of 11,400. Progress on developing masterplans for strategic sites demonstrates that the proposed allocations in the LPSV are indeed deliverable.

This site is not an allocated site but the previous consent for 26 dwellings on the land was taken into consideration in reaching the allocations and as such the site is seen as important in achieving the required housing provision.

Taken together, it is considered that the advantages of developing the site are sufficient to amount to very special circumstances that outweigh the relatively limited harm to the Green Belt that would result from the increased built form.

Housing Issues

Affordable Housing

Policy H6A of the Councils Local Plan requires that a development of this scale would require 40% of the proposed dwellings to be provided as affordable housing and states that "the levels will apply unless it can be shown that they are inappropriate or that they make a scheme economically unfeasible".

The LPSV similarly requires 40% affordable housing and this is in accordance with the NPPF.

For a relatively small development such as this, all on site affordable housing should be provided on the basis of affordable rented units in line with the Council's Shared Ownership Policy.

The previous application for 17 houses consisted of predominantly 6 bed detached houses with garages. Such dwellings (i.e. in excess of 3 bedrooms) and garages are not required for affordable housing and the Council accepted in that instance that an contribution towards affordable housing provision elsewhere was accepted (contrary to the advice of the Director of Housing)

The current application has a much more appropriate mix of smaller units and a viability assessment was submitted with the application for verification. The applicant has agreed a willingness to provide an appropriate level of affordable units on site.

The Council's Consultants have carried out validation of the submitted viability assessment and following some negotiation it is agreed that the provision of 5, 3 bed affordable rented dwellings on site will meet the Council's affordable housing policy. This can be secured by section 106 agreement and the applicant has agreed to enter such an agreement.

Flood Risk.

The site lies within the Environment Agency's (EA) Flood Zone 2.

The NPPF seeks to ensure that new development is directed towards those sites that are at least risk of flooding. Within Flood Zone 2 the Government Guidance and the EA standing advice requires that proposals of this kind need to pass a "Sequential Test" that is, the Local Planning Authority needs to be satisfied that the development could not be provided somewhere else that has a lesser risk of flooding. At the time of the approval of 26 houses on the site, the Council did not have a Strategic Flood Risk Assessment in place, and each application received for development in a flood risk area needed to be accompanied by a sequential test, to show that there was nowhere at lesser risk of flooding and which is available and deliverable, for a development of the type proposed. At the time of the last application the sequential test submitted indicated that there were no sites of sufficient size available and deliverable for 26 houses. Essentially this is because most sites in this District are within the Green Belt and not previously developed land and residential development is therefore inappropriate. The sequential test was therefore accepted.

Since that time the LPSV has been produced and this identifies potential sites for development in order to meet the Councils future housing need. All sites within flood zones 2 and 3 were rejected as unsuitable and it is clear that there are a large number of potential sites in the District, at lesser risk of flooding, on which 33 houses could be developed. This site appears in the Draft Local Plan simply as it has been identified as having an extant consent for development. Had consent not already been granted here, it would not have been identified as a suitable site for development due to the flood risk and the presence of landfill. However at the current time there are extant approvals for 17 dwellings or for 26 dwellings. The 26 dwelling approval was taken into account in the LPSV in determining future housing supply requirements. The proposed development is in Flood Zone 2 not Zone 3 and has existing consent, which is a material consideration, on this basis it is not considered reasonable to recommend refusal on Sequential Test grounds.

Risk of Flooding Elsewhere

The development will result in the removal of a large area of hardstanding and the introduction of sustainable drainage which will help reduce the current level of runoff from the site and reduce the risk of flooding elsewhere.

Risk of Flooding on site;

A flood risk assessment has been submitted which shows that the new dwellings will not be at risk of direct flooding and can be flood resilient therefore The Councils land drainage team, Essex County Council and the Environment agency have no objection to the scheme subject to conditions

Contamination.

Policy RP4 of the adopted Local Plan states:

The Council will not grant planning permission for the development or reuse of land which it considers likely to be contaminated unless:

- (1) prior tests are carried out to establish the existence, type and degree of contamination and
- (2) if contamination s found, appropriate methods of treatment and monitoring are agreed with the council, pollution authorities and water companies; and
- (3) the agreed methods of treatment include measures to protect or recreate habitats of nature conservation interest.

The previous application for 26 houses included housing actually over the existing landfill area and permission was only granted on the basis that the applicant was willing to undertake drainage and complete removal of the landfill material and restoration in order to ensure that the housing development would be safe. He had provided unverified costings and argued that such works were feasible.

However, following further investigation the works required are more extensive than envisaged and would likely make the approved 26 house development unviable. The revised application for 17 houses was designed to avoid building over the identified landfill area, and the current application for 33 dwellings similarly avoids the landfill area.

This means that although significant work is still needed to ensure that the new houses are safe from gas and other forms of contamination from the adjoining landfill, there is no longer the costly and complex requirement to remove the landfill material. The landfill area itself is now shown to be intended for use only as an amenity area for the residents of the new housing. This will entail the removal of existing hardstanding and the introduction of landscaping, with the intention that the ongoing management of the land would fall to a resident's management company.

Although the use of the land area for open space rather than housing reduces the level of work required with regard to decontamination there will still be a need for decontamination conditions relating to this area, and the amount of work involved will be dependent on the kind of landscaping that is proposed. As yet no landscaping scheme has been put forward.

Prior to the first occupation of any of the new dwellings.it will be necessary to ensure that the former landfill area, intended to be used as communal amenity space by the residents is fully landscaped and measures for the long term management and maintenance of the area are in place. It would clearly be unacceptable to allow the development of just the non landfill area of the site and leave the remaining area of the unsightly hard surfaced previously developed land in close proximity to the new dwellings and with potential long term contamination issues that could impact on the residents of the new properties. The use of this land as a communal amenity area controlled, maintained and managed by the residents of the new dwellings at their expense, is the logical solution, and can be secured by condition.

Layout and Design

The proposed development has a relatively logical layout, given the need to avoid building on the landfill area. The development has been carefully designed to minimise inter overlooking between properties and to ensure that adequate parking and amenity space is available for the dwellings. The proposed dwellings are of a contemporary design but utilise a palette of materials that are appropriate to this location. Whilst the heights of the buildings significantly exceed those of the

adjacent Great Meadow development which is of single storey only, they are similar to those of the previously approved schemes and in this location where they do not form part of an established street scene they are appropriate.

The density is considered to make the best use of this previously developed land and this mixed scheme of smaller units is welcomed as a more suitable alternative to the previous 17 house scheme and will make better use of the site to help meet future housing need.

Impact on Neighbouring Amenity

The proposed dwellings are all located sufficient distance from existing properties not to result in excessive loss of light or any significant loss of outlook. Whilst the rear elevations of some of the new dwellings do face towards the sides of properties in Great Meadow and Riverside Avenue the siting is such that there is no direct overlooking into windows. There will be some overlooking of the rear garden areas of properties but the distances to the private amenity areas are considered to be sufficient that there will not be a significantly harmful loss of privacy. The proposal is considered to be acceptable in this respect.

Highways and Parking

The proposed development takes its access from Old Nazeing Road, via a private access track that runs past the property known as Nazebourne. As the proposals now include the redevelopment of Nazebourne itself it does allow for the widening of this pinchpoint

The highway Authority has considered the proposals and has provided the following comments:

"The proposed development will generate less traffic than the existing use and will reduce movement of HGV's and service vehicles to the site to the benefit of all users of the highway. The access onto Old Nazeing Road has adequate visibility and this proposal is only very slightly increasing vehicle movements over the previously approved application. Consequently the Highway Authority has concluded that the proposed development will not be detrimental to highway safety, capacity or efficiency at this location or on the wider highway network.

All housing developments in Essex which would result in the creation of a new street (more than five dwelling units communally served by a single all-purpose access) will be subject to The Advance Payments Code, Highways Act, 1980. The Developer will be served with an appropriate Notice within 6 weeks of building regulations approval being granted and prior to the commencement of any development must provide guaranteed deposits which will ensure that the new street is constructed in accordance with acceptable specification sufficient to ensure future maintenance as a public highway."

They therefore raise no objection to the development subject to appropriate conditions.

Adequate space is provided on site for the parking of both residents and visitors in accordance with the adopted car parking standards.

Whilst a neighbour has raised concern regarding the opening of the access from Great meadow, the layout actually means that Great meadow will end at rear garden fences and there will not be any way to utilise the road as access and egress from the development once complete.

Impact on the Lee Valley Park

The LVRPA has not objected to the application The redevelopment would see the removal of an extensive area of hardstanding and the introduction of a green amenity area would not have any major adverse impact on the character or visual amenity of the Park, or the use of the park for recreational purposes. The housing will be viewed in the context of the adjacent residential development and will not be excessively intrusive in the landscape.

Epping Forest SAC

The site has been considered in the context of the Epping Forest Special Area of Conservation and Policy DM2 and lies outside the 3km zone where it would be expected that the development should provide mitigation to with regard to potential impact on the SAC from increased visitor numbers. The potential impact of the development on air quality (with regard to the SAC) has also been considered, but in the light of the conclusion of the Highway Authority that the development will reduce HGV movements and lead to a reduction in traffic overall compared to the previous use of the site, it is not considered that the proposals will have any adverse impact and no mitigation measures are therefore required.

Ecology

A comprehensive ecological survey was submitted with the application which concluded that there should be no adverse ecological impact from the development subject to best practice being followed. In addition a report setting out proposed ecological enhancements was also submitted. The Councils Country Care officer has raised no objection to the scheme subject to the imposition of a condition requiring the proposed ecological enhancements to be carried out in accordance with the report.

Archaeology

The Archaeology of the site has been fully investigated under the previously approved scheme and no further investigation is required.

Education Contribution

As the proposed dwellings are family houses the Education Authority were consulted with regard to the provision of education spaces and transport and the applicant has agreed a willingness to provide the appropriate contribution via a legal agreement under Section 106. At time of writing we are still awaiting the final figure to be produced by the Education Authority, but this will be reported at committee.

Conclusion

In conclusion it is considered that the development will provide much needed housing on previously developed land, close to the existing residential area of Nazeing. It will remove an existing "problem" site which has had ongoing enforcement issues for many years and will provide an open green area which, if properly landscaped and managed, will enhance the openness and visual amenity of the wider site and the ecological value of the site. Whilst the development will have a greater impact on openness than the existing it is considered that there are very special circumstances sufficient to outweigh the relatively limited harm that results.

The fact that there was a previous consent for 26 houses on the site and there is an extant consent for 17 much larger properties weighs in favour of the development.

The design and layout of the scheme is acceptable, and whilst there will be some impact on surrounding residents it will not be excessive. The larger number of smaller properties compared to the 17 house scheme, is considered to make a better use of the land providing for a mixed development in accordance with the NPPF of the kind of housing that is most needed. The proposals also include the provision of on site affordable housing which again is preferable (and more acceptable in policy terms) than the monetary contributions proposed in the existing consents.

There will not be an increase in traffic over that which could be generated by the previous uses and there will be a reduction in HGV traffic which is advantageous. No highway objections have been raised.

Overall the development is considered to provide much needed additional housing without causing material harm and is recommended for approval subject to a legal agreement with regard to the provision of on site affordable housing and a contribution towards school transport provision.

Should you wish to discuss the contents of this report item please use the following contact details by 2pm on the day of the meeting at the latest:

Planning Application Case Officer: Jill Shingler Direct Line Telephone Number: 01992 564106

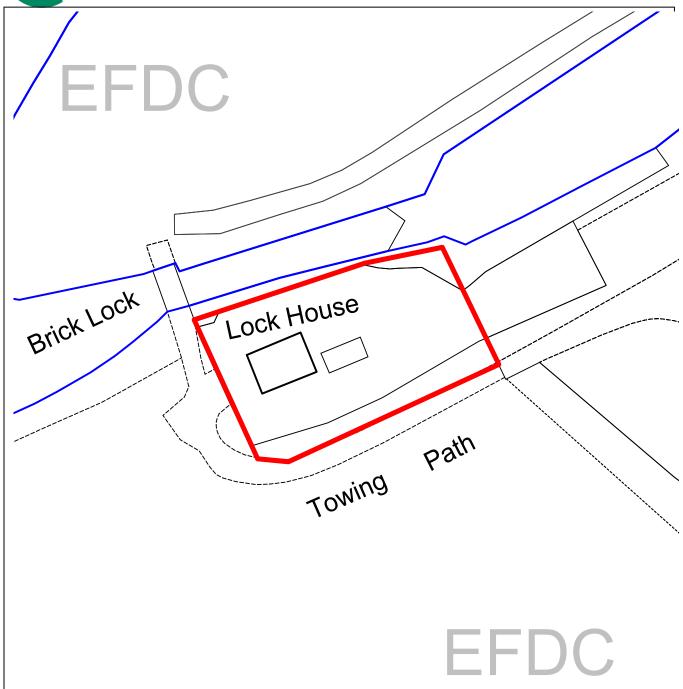
or if no direct contact can be made please email: contactplanning@eppingforestdc.gov.uk

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Epping Forest District Council



Agenda Item Number 3



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Application Number:	EPF/2412/18
Site Name:	Brick Lock Cottage, Glen Faba, Roydon, Essex, CM19 5EW
Scale of Plot:	1:500

Report Item No:3

APPLICATION No:	EPF/2412/18
SITE ADDRESS:	Brick Lock Cottage Glen Faba Roydon Essex CM19 5EW
PARISH:	Roydon
WARD:	Roydon
APPLICANT:	Mr Mark Reynolds
DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL:	Proposed rear extension, external restoration including replacement windows to rear and logstore.
RECOMMENDED DECISION:	Grant Permission (With Conditions)

Click on the link below to view related plans and documents for this case:

http://planpub.eppingforestdc.gov.uk/NIM.websearch/ExternalEntryPoint.aspx?SEARCH_TYPE=1&DOC_CLASS_CODE=PL&FOLDER1_REF=614356

CONDITIONS

- The development hereby permitted must be begun not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this notice.
- The development hereby permitted will be completed strictly in accordance with the approved drawings nos: 100.110 Rev B, 100.011 Rev A, 100.100A Rev A, 100.010 Rev A, 100.001 Rev A & 100.115 Rev A.
- Before any preparatory demolition or construction works commence on site, a biodiversity enhancement statement, for the site shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for agreement in writing with a working methodology for site clearance and construction work to minimise impact on any protected species, nesting birds and radiating mammals. Development shall be undertaken only in accordance with the agreed strategy and methodology.
- No works to or demolition of buildings or structures that may be used by breeding birds shall take place between 1st March and 31st August inclusive, unless a competent ecologist has undertaken a careful, detailed check for active birds' nests immediately before the structure is demolished and provided written confirmation that no birds will be harmed and/or that there are appropriate measure in place to protect nesting bird interest on site. Any such written confirmation should be submitted to EFDC.

This application is before this Committee since it is for a type of development that cannot be determined by Officers if more than five objections are received (or in cases where less than 5 were consulted, a majority of those consulted object) on grounds material to the planning merits of the proposal (Pursuant to The Constitution, Part 3: Scheme of Delegation to Officers from Full Council).

Description of Site:

Brick Lock Cottage lies within the open countryside adjacent to Brick Lock on the Stort Navigation. The building is a well-preserved example of a lock keeper's cottage – built in Flemish Bond brickwork, whitewashed, and having a slate roof with dormer windows, chimneys and an adjacent annexe.

It is listed grade II, within the Metropolitan Green Belt and within Flood Zone 3b.

Historic England Description Below;

"Cottage. C1830. Painted brick with slate roof. Two ridge chimneys, one at each end. Basically, two cell structure with central doorway with segmental brick arch and timber flush four panel door. Above the door way is an oval plaque with raised hand motif and "G.D. 1830", referring to Sir George Duckett, who was responsible for the construction of the Stort Navigation. On either side of doorway is a two-centred pointed arch window, with cast iron glazing bars in Gothic style and drip mouldings in brick above. Examples of cast iron side hung casement windows on the rear of cottage and on the small brick outbuilding to the NE. An intact example of a lock keeper's cottage standing next to a working lock".

The cottage is a rare example of a lock keeper's residence within this part of England from the Golden Age of canal navigation from the late C18 and early C19 – just before the advent of the railways. Though altered in a small-scale way, the cottage is well preserved, has a strong, clean linear form and enjoys a picturesque location adjacent to Brick Lock towards the start of the Stort Navigation. The purity and strong character of the building makes it vulnerable to adverse alteration.

Description of Proposal:

The application was amended in terms of the materials and finishes following the advice given by the Council's Conservation Officer.

Two applications have been submitted for planning permission (EPF/2412/18) and Listed Building Consent (EPF/2414/18). This application proposes the construction of a rear extension, a new log store and minor repair and restoration works.

Relevant History:

EPF/0041/86 - Listed Building application to alter and extend dwelling house – APPROVED

EPF/0861/86 - Alterations to create extension to dwelling house – APPROVED

EPF/0004/95 - Listed building application for two and single storey extension and gas tank to side – APPROVED

EPF/0110/95 - Two storey and single storey extension and gas tank to side – APPROVED

EPF/2410/04 - Erection of wooden fencing in curtilage of a listed building – ALLOWED ON APPEAL

EPF/2044/12 - Erection of glasshouse and shed on an existing concrete slab for the production and propagation of fruit, vegetables and flowers – APPROVED

EPF/2443/12 - Grade II listed building consent to install a door to the upstairs master bedroom, to replace the existing kitchen-lounge door and lounge-hallway door, to build cabinetry within the master bedroom – APPROVED

EPF/0507/13 - Application for approval of details reserved by condition 4 'materials' and condition 5 'landscaping' of planning permission EPF/2044/12 (Erection of glasshouse and shed on an existing concrete slab for the production and propagation of fruit, vegetables and flowers - APPROVED

EPF/0216/15 - Grade II Listed Building consent to replace the frame and glass of the existing first floor rear windows – APPROVED

EPF/3215/15 - To replace the front garden fencing around Grade II listed building, with the same height and length of fencing as the existing, but with an altered design and materials – APPEAL DISMISSED

Policies Applied:

Adopted Local Plan:

CP2 Protecting the Quality of the Rural and Built Environment
GB2A Development in the Green Belt
HC10 Works to Listed Buildings

DBE9 Loss of Amenity

DBE10 Design of Residential Extensions

Local Plan Submission Version 2017:

Paragraph 213 of the National Planning Policy Framework 2018 (NPPF) requires that due weight be given to the relevant policies in existing plans. However, paragraph 48 of the NPPF states that decision-takers may also give weight (unless material considerations indicate otherwise) to relevant policies in emerging plans according to:

- the stage of preparation of the emerging plan (the more advanced the preparation, the greater the weight that may be given);
- the extent to which there are unresolved objections to relevant policies (the less significant the unresolved objections, the greater the weight that may be given); and
- the degree of consistency of the relevant policies in the emerging plan to this Framework (the closer the policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the Framework, the greater the weight that may be given).

The Council considers that the Plan is currently at an advanced stage of preparation and has been formally submitted to the Secretary of State for examination and that all the policies are consistent with the NPPF (although this will be tested through the examination). By virtue of this advanced stage of preparation, as well as the Council resolution taken on the 14th December 2017, the LPSV is a material consideration in determining planning applications. Therefore, we need to consider the weight that should be given to each of the relevant policies in the context of the proposed development listed below:

SP1	Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development
DM1	Habitat Protection and Improving Biodiversity

DM4 Green Belt
DM7 Heritage Assets
DM9 High Quality Design

DM10 Housing Design and Quality

DM20 Low Carbon and Renewable Energy

Consultation Carried Out and Summary of Representations Received:

Number of neighbours Consulted: 4. No response received Site notice posted: Yes, 4 responses received from occupants living on the boats moored along the river.

4 UN-NAMED PERSONS - OBJECTION - Summarised as:

- Loss of historic fabric,
- Over dominant, and Detrimental to the setting of the Listed Building

1 UN-NAMED PERSON – Comments – in support of restoration works only

EFDC COUNTRY CARE - Comments - Approve with conditions

EFDC CONSERVATION – Comments - in support of the proposed works

ENVIRONMENT AGENCY – Comments – referred to the Flood Risk Standing Advice (FRSA)

ROYDON PARISH COUNCIL - No Objection

Main Issues and Considerations:

The main issues to be considered with this application relates to the impact on the character and appearance of the locality, whether it preserves the special interest of the listed building, the consequence for neighbouring amenities and green belt considerations.

Special interest and character and appearance:

During the site visit of the Conservation Officer, it was thought that using too similar a material may confuse the extension with the original work, and it was suggested that a slight departure using a lighter facing material may be preferable. The applicants kindly agreed to alter the material to traditional weatherboard cladding, and revised plans were duly prepared.

The result is an extension that harmonises with the parent building, with the slate flowing round the roof into it, but remains at the same time temporally and textually distinct due the use of weatherboard. The use of a steeper roof pitch retains the Georgian character of the original front wing, with the greater use of glazing again contributing to the lighter, airier feel of the new work.

Other slight revisions to the details include the use of steel windows for the reinstated small-pane fenestration – acknowledging the metal windows mentioned in the list description above. The windows continue to be fabricated from a traditional, low maintenance sustainable material and will complement the listed building well.

Some other minor restoration works will be undertaken, including restoration of the plaque commemorating George Duckett, pioneer of the Stort Navigation, above the door, plus a transitional repair of the fireplace, whilst designs for the reinstatement of an appropriate fire surround are being prepared. The present unsuitable plastic rainwater goods will be replaced with cast iron, constituting a real benefit to the listed building. There is to be a new log store on the site – allowing for the seasoning of timber harvested from the owner's land, and enhancing the biomass capacity of the dwelling.

To summarise, In Listed Building terms, the proposed single storey rear extension and the log store are acceptable and the minor repair and restoration works are part of a scheme of restoration and repair at the property, being undertaken by owners who have recently taken the building on. The intention is to reverse previous unsuitable renovations, and to restore features that have been lost or obscured, whilst at the same time providing some modern conveniences.

With regards to the objections raised based on the above assessment, the works will not see the loss of any historic fabric or appear over-dominant in relation to the cottage due to it being of a small scale. On the other hand, it will benefit and preserve the special interest of the existing cottage by returning it to more of a historic appearance.

Living conditions of neighbours:

Owing to its location, the positioning of the cottage within the open countryside, and its distance from neighbouring dwellings and occupants on the boats moored along the river, it will have no excessive material impact on the living conditions of neighbouring amenities in terms of loss of light, visual impact, overshadowing and outlook.

Green Belt:

The rear extension and the log store would be seen in proximity to the dwelling and can be regarded as a limited extension to the cottage by reason of its, scale, siting and form. As such it would not be inappropriate development in the Green Belt and will not result in a material reduction in openness.

Conclusion:

Overall, the impact of the new extension will be limited – it is small in scale and sited to the rear of the cottage. Any harm entailed by its construction is justified through the improvement in liveability that it will deliver, and adverse effects have been avoided through the use of traditional materials and high-quality design details.

Furthermore, the less than substantial harm to the designated asset is satisfactorily offset by demonstrable public benefits. The application accords with policy HC10 of the adopted Local Plan 1998 & 2006, policy DM7 of the Local Plan Submission 2017, and complies with both ss. 16 and 66 of the Planning (LBCA) Act 1990 and paragraphs 186-202 of the NPPF 2018 (as amended).

For the reasons above, it is recommended that planning permission and listed building consent be granted subject to the conditions outlined in the council's decision notice.

Should you wish to discuss the contents of this report item please use the following contact details by 2pm on the day of the meeting at the latest:

Planning Application Case Officer: Muhammad Rahman

Direct Line Telephone Number: 01992 564415

or if no direct contact can be made please email: contactplanning@eppingforestdc.gov.uk

Report Item No:4

APPLICATION No:	EPF/2414/18
SITE ADDRESS:	Brick Lock Cottage Glen Faba Roydon Essex CM19 5EW
PARISH:	Roydon
WARD:	Roydon
APPLICANT:	Mr Mark Reynolds
DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL:	Grade II Listed Building Consent for proposed rear extension, external restoration including replacement windows to rear and logstore.
RECOMMENDED DECISION:	Grant Permission (With Conditions)

Click on the link below to view related plans and documents for this case:

http://planpub.eppingforestdc.gov.uk/NIM.websearch/ExternalEntryPoint.aspx?SEARCH_TYPE=1&DOC_CLASS_CODE=PL&FOLDER1_REF=614373

CONDITIONS

- The works hereby permitted must be begun not later than the expiration of three years, beginning with the date on which the consent was granted.
- The development hereby permitted will be completed strictly in accordance with the approved drawings nos: 100.110 Rev B, 100.011 Rev A, 100.100A Rev A, 100.010 Rev A, 100.001 Rev A & 100.115 Rev A.
- Notwithstanding the approved designs, the new extension shall be clad in 8" horizontal Shiplap cladding formed from British Larch natural timber, the lower edge to incorporate a radiused fillet bead. The cladding shall be painted in an off-white oil-based cladding paint to BS colour 10 B 15. Any alternative cladding or finish must be approved in writing in advance of construction by the local planning authority.
- 4 Notwithstanding the approved designs, the new windows in the building (with the exception of the timber doors) shall be formed from W20 steel sections, painted Oyster White Ral 1013. Any alternative window sections / materials / paint colours require to be approved in writing by the local planning authority in advance of construction.
- Notwithstanding the approved designs, the new rainwater goods in the listed building and extension shall be fabricated from cast iron, painted black.
- Notwithstanding the approved designs, the roof covering over the new extension shall be European natural slate, of the same gauge and colour as that covering the main roof of the listed building.

This application is before this Committee since it is for a type of development that cannot be determined by Officers if more than five objections are received (or in cases where less than 5 were consulted, a majority of those consulted object) on grounds material to the planning merits of the proposal (Pursuant to The Constitution, Part 3: Scheme of Delegation to Officers from Full Council).

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The cottage is a rare example of a lock keeper's residence within this part of England from the Golden Age of canal navigation from the late C18 and early C19 – just before the advent of the railways. Though altered in a small-scale way, the cottage is well preserved, has a strong, clean linear form and enjoys a picturesque location adjacent to Brick Lock towards the start of the Stort Navigation. The purity and strong character of the building makes it vulnerable to adverse alteration.

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Relevant History:

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EPF/0507/13 - Application for approval of details reserved by condition 4 'materials' and condition 5 'landscaping' of planning permission EPF/2044/12 (Erection of glasshouse and shed on an existing concrete slab for the production and propagation of fruit, vegetables and flowers - APPROVED

EPF/0216/15 - Grade II Listed Building consent to replace the frame and glass of the existing first floor rear windows – APPROVED

EPF/3215/15 - To replace the front garden fencing around Grade II listed building, with the same height and length of fencing as the existing, but with an altered design and materials – APPEAL DISMISSED

Policies Applied:

Adopted Local Plan:

CP2 Protecting the Quality of the Rural and Built Environment GB2A Development in the Green Belt

GB2A Development in the Green Belt HC10 Works to Listed Buildings

DBE9 Loss of Amenity

DBE10 Design of Residential Extensions

Local Plan Submission Version 2017:

Paragraph 213 of the National Planning Policy Framework 2018 (NPPF) requires that due weight be given to the relevant policies in existing plans. However, paragraph 48 of the NPPF states that decision-takers may also give weight (unless material considerations indicate otherwise) to relevant policies in emerging plans according to:

- the stage of preparation of the emerging plan (the more advanced the preparation, the greater the weight that may be given);
- the extent to which there are unresolved objections to relevant policies (the less significant the unresolved objections, the greater the weight that may be given); and
- the degree of consistency of the relevant policies in the emerging plan to this Framework (the closer the policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the Framework, the greater the weight that may be given).

The Council considers that the Plan is currently at an advanced stage of preparation and has been formally submitted to the Secretary of State for examination and that all the policies are consistent with the NPPF (although this will be tested through the examination). By virtue of this advanced stage of preparation, as well as the Council resolution taken on the 14th December 2017, the LPSV is a material consideration in determining planning applications. Therefore, we need to consider the weight that should be given to each of the relevant policies in the context of the proposed development listed below:

SP1 Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development

DM1 Habitat Protection and Improving Biodiversity

DM4 Green Belt
DM7 Heritage Assets
DM9 High Quality Design

DM10 Housing Design and Quality

DM20 Low Carbon and Renewable Energy

Consultation Carried Out and Summary of Representations Received:

Number of neighbours Consulted: 4. No response received Site notice posted: Yes, 4 responses received from occupants living on the boats moored along the river.

4 UN-NAMED PERSONS - OBJECTION - Summarised as:

- Loss of historic fabric,
- Over dominant, and Detrimental to the setting of the Listed Building

1 UN-NAMED PERSON – Comments – in support of restoration works only

EFDC COUNTRY CARE – Comments - Approve with conditions

EFDC CONSERVATION – Comments - in support of the proposed works

ENVIRONMENT AGENCY – Comments – referred to the Flood Risk Standing Advice (FRSA)

ROYDON PARISH COUNCIL - No Objection

Main Issues and Considerations:

The main issues to be considered with this application relates to the impact on the character and appearance of the locality, whether it preserves the special interest of the listed building, the consequence for neighbouring amenities and green belt considerations.

Special interest and character and appearance:

During the site visit of the Conservation Officer, it was thought that using too similar a material may confuse the extension with the original work, and it was suggested that a slight departure using a lighter facing material may be preferable. The applicants kindly agreed to alter the material to traditional weatherboard cladding, and revised plans were duly prepared.

The result is an extension that harmonises with the parent building, with the slate flowing round the roof into it, but remains at the same time temporally and textually distinct due the use of weatherboard. The use of a steeper roof pitch retains the Georgian character of the original front wing, with the greater use of glazing again contributing to the lighter, airier feel of the new work.

Other slight revisions to the details include the use of steel windows for the reinstated small-pane fenestration – acknowledging the metal windows mentioned in the list description above. The windows continue to be fabricated from a traditional, low maintenance sustainable material and will complement the listed building well.

Some other minor restoration works will be undertaken, including restoration of the plaque commemorating George Duckett, pioneer of the Stort Navigation, above the door, plus a transitional repair of the fireplace, whilst designs for the reinstatement of an appropriate fire surround are being prepared. The present unsuitable plastic rainwater goods will be replaced with cast iron, constituting a real benefit to the listed building. There is to be a new log store on the site – allowing for the seasoning of timber harvested from the owner's land, and enhancing the biomass capacity of the dwelling.

To summarise, In Listed Building terms, the proposed single storey rear extension and the log store are acceptable and the minor repair and restoration works are part of a scheme of restoration and repair at the property, being undertaken by owners who have recently taken the building on. The intention is to reverse previous unsuitable renovations, and to restore features that have been lost or obscured, whilst at the same time providing some modern conveniences.

With regards to the objections raised based on the above assessment, the works will not see the loss of any historic fabric or appear over-dominant in relation to the cottage due to it being of a small scale. On the other hand, it will benefit and preserve the special interest of the existing cottage by returning it to more of a historic appearance.

Living conditions of neighbours:

Owing to its location, the positioning of the cottage within the open countryside, and its distance from neighbouring dwellings and occupants on the boats moored along the river, it will have no excessive material impact on the living conditions of neighbouring amenities in terms of loss of light, visual impact, overshadowing and outlook.

Green Belt:

The rear extension and the log store would be seen in proximity to the dwelling and can be regarded as a limited extension to the cottage by reason of its, scale, siting and form. As such it would not be inappropriate development in the Green Belt and will not result in a material reduction in openness.

Conclusion:

Overall, the impact of the new extension will be limited – it is small in scale and sited to the rear of the cottage. Any harm entailed by its construction is justified through the improvement in liveability that it will deliver, and adverse effects have been avoided through the use of traditional materials and high-quality design details.

Furthermore, the less than substantial harm to the designated asset is satisfactorily offset by demonstrable public benefits. The application accords with policy HC10 of the adopted Local Plan 1998 & 2006, policy DM7 of the Local Plan Submission 2017, and complies with both ss. 16 and 66 of the Planning (LBCA) Act 1990 and paragraphs 186-202 of the NPPF 2018 (as amended).

For the reasons above, it is recommended that planning permission and listed building consent be granted subject to the conditions outlined in the council's decision notice.

Should you wish to discuss the contents of this report item please use the following contact details by 2pm on the day of the meeting at the latest:

Planning Application Case Officer: Muhammad Rahman

Direct Line Telephone Number: 01992 564415

or if no direct contact can be made please email: contactplanning@eppingforestdc.gov.uk



Report to Area Plans Sub-Committee

Date of meeting: West – 12 December 2018

Subject: Probity in Planning – Appeal Decisions, 1st April to 30th September 2018

Officer contact for further information: Nigel Richardson (01992 564110). Democratic Services Officer: Adrian Hendry (01992 564243)

Recommendation:

That the Planning Appeal Decisions from 1 April 2018 to 30 September 2018 be noted.

Report Detail:

Background

- 1. (Director of Planning) In compliance with the recommendation of the District Auditor, this report advises the decision-making committees of the results of all successful allowed appeals (i.e. particularly those refused by committee contrary to officer recommendation).
- 2. The purpose is to inform the committee of the consequences of their decisions in this respect and, in cases where the refusal is found to be unsupportable on planning grounds, an award of costs may be made against the Council.
- 3. Since 2011/12, there have been two local indicators, one of which measures all planning application type appeals as a result of committee reversals of officer recommendations (GOV08) and the other which measures the performance of officer recommendations and delegated decisions (GOV07).

Performance

- 4. Over the six-month period between 1 April 2018 and 30 September 2018, the Council received 58 decisions on appeals (53 of which were planning related appeals, the other 5 were enforcement related).
- 5. GOV07 and 08 measure planning application decisions and out of a total of 53, 11 were allowed and 1 was part allowed (22.6%). Broken down further, GOV07 performance was 7 (including 1 part allowed) out of 41 allowed (17.1%) and GOV08 performance was 5 out of 12 (41.7%).

Planning Appeals

6. Out of the planning appeals that arose from decisions of the committees to refuse contrary to the recommendation put to them by officers during the 6-month period, the Council was not successful in sustaining the committee's objection in the following cases:

COMMITTEE REVERSALS - APPEALS ALLOWED (5):

Area Committee East

Epping

EPF/3259/17 Proposed single storey side extension and

garden wall.

121 Theydon Grove

Theydon Bois

EPF/3364/17 Demolition of existing dwelling, erection of

replacement dwelling and front boundary fence.

Erection of detached garage and relocate

vehicular access point.

Granville 119 Theydon Park Road

Area Committee South

Chigwell

EPF/0479/17 Demolition of existing building and garage and

new build three storey residential development comprising of 11 units with on site car parking,

to previously approved scheme ref EPF/2744/16

cycle storage and refuse store

Amar Nivas 146 Hainault Road

1 Woodbury Hill

1-5 Stonards Hill

Loughton

EPF/3036/17 Removal of further sections of roof above ground

floor addition at the rear, and raising of the roof of part of ground floor back addition - representing revisions

Area Committee West

Waltham Abbey

EPF/1782/17 Demolition of existing bungalow. Construction Marydel

of 3 bed detached house and 2 x 3 bed Copt Hall Green

semi-detached houses.

8. The appeal performance for GOV08, committee reversals, was on target at 41.7%, but the committees are urged to continue to heed the advice that if they are considering setting aside the officer's recommendation it should only be in cases where members are certain they are acting in the wider public interest and where the committee officer can give a good indication of some success at defending the decision. The 7 cases where the committees were successful are as follows:

COMMITTEE REVERSALS - APPEALS DISMISSED (7):

Area Committee East

Epping

EPF/2265/17 Proposed new vehicular access and hardstanding 2 Creeds Cottages

High Road

EPF/0947/17 Demolition of existing houses and construction

of a new building to provide 28 no. 1 and 2 bedroom sheltered retirement apartments with parking, bin/buggy storage, communal space,

access and landscaping.

North Weald

EPF/2771/17 Erection of a detached 1.5 storey two 21 Princes Close

bedroomed dwelling with associated car parking and new access onto High Road (alternative to previously approved bungalow

EPF/1440/15).

Area Committee South

Buckhurst Hill

EPF/0339/18 Two storey and single storey side and rear 2 Gladstone Road

1 Ollards Grove

69 Farm Hill Road

Braeside Junior School

extension.

EPF/1064/17 New three-storey classroom building and link

element with associated alterations, parking 82 Palmerston Road

and boundary treatments

Loughton

EPF/0897/17 First floor extension, new mansard roof, and new

rear extension to provide 4 flats comprising 2 x

1 bed and 2 x 2 bed flats.

Area Committee West

Waltham Abbey

EPF/3197/17 Demolition of existing bungalow. Construction

of 3 storey block of 7 flats. Re-submission of

refused application: EPF/2596/16

9. Out of 5 ENFORCEMENT NOTICE APPEALS decided, all were dismissed. These are as follows:

ENF/0001/14 Erection of a portable building Providence Nursery Avey Lane Waltham Abbey

LISTED BUILDING NOTICE ENF/0172/14

> Without LBC the alteration, extension and conversion Old House Lane

barn into 3 separate residential units Roydon

ENF/0172/14 Without planning permission the use of the Old House

> barn a Grade II Listed Building situated on Old House Lane

the land (The Barn) for the purpose of 3 self Roydon

contained residential units

ENF/0328/16 Rear extension built not as EPF/2241/14 School Knotts

> Middle Street Nazeing

Old House

Waltham Abbey

ENF/0414/14 Without planning permission the erection of Providence Nursery

> a commercial building Avey Lane Waltham Abbey

Essex EN9 3QH

Costs

10. During this period, there was one successful award of costs against the Council in respect of a refusal of planning permission, which was allowed on appeal, for the provision of a 34 space

car park and dropping off area for use by Oaklands School only, formation of related vehicular access from Warren Hill and provision of associated landscaping (application ref: EPF/2774/15) - Land Adjacent Warren Hill, Loughton.

- 11. Costs can be awarded against any party who has behaved unreasonably and where this behaviour has directly caused another party to incur unnecessary or wasted expense in the appeal process.
- 12. In this particular case, the Inspector considered that the Council's case lacked objective analysis, particularly on parking and highway safety matters given Essex CC highways clear view that the scheme would be highly beneficial to highway safety and secondly there was insufficient analysis of the site and surrounding key characteristics, or the extent to which existing and proposed landscaping would or would not mitigate any perceived adverse impacts. He did though commend Members during deliberation for seeking a way forward, but a more appropriate approach might be to have deferred a decision in order to allow time for further options to be investigated. Finally, he also criticised why the perceived absence of landscaping proposals, which were specifically mentioned in the refusal reason, could not have been addressed by a planning condition.
- 13. The total cost paid by the Council to Oaklands School amounted to £7,375.50.

Conclusions

- 12. Whilst performance in defending appeals at 22.6% appears modest, there is no national comparison of authority performance. Members and Officers are reminded that in refusing planning permission there needs to be justified reasons that in each case must be not only relevant and necessary, but also sound and defendable so as to avoid paying costs. This is more important now then ever given a Planning Inspector or the Secretary of State can award costs, even if neither side has made an application for them. Whilst there is clearly pressure on Members to refuse in cases where there are objections from local residents, these views (and only when they are related to the planning issues of the case) are one of a number of relevant issues to balance out in order to understand the merits of the particular development being applied for.
- 13. Finally, appended to this report are the appeal decision letters, which are the result of Members reversing the planning officer's recommendation (and therefore refusing planning permission) at planning committees, 7 of which were allowed and 5 which were dismissed and therefore refused planning permission. Only those appeals relevant to the relevant Area Plans Sub-Committee are attached.
- 14. A full list of appeal decisions over this six month measured period appears below.

Total Planning Application Appeals

ALLOWED WITH CONDITIONS

142 Buckhurst Way

Buckhurst Hill

EPF/2064/17 Demolition of bungalow and construction of

two-storey block of four flats with rooms in roof

and integral carport

EPF/2648/17 Loft conversion with front and rear dormers. 30 Boxted Close

Epping

EPF/3259/17 Proposed single storey side extension and 121 Theydon Grove garden wall. Loughton EPF/0679/18 Extension of the existing garage to provide 1 Ripley View space for family gym and home office Removal of further sections of roof above ground EPF/3036/17 1 Woodbury Hill floor addition at the rear, and raising of the roof of part of ground floor back addition - representing revisions to previously approved scheme ref EPF/2744/16 Nazeing EPF/1493/16 Outline application for 7 no. self-build houses Broxlea Nursery, Nursery Road. **Theydon Bois** EPF/3364/17 Demolition of existing dwelling, erection of Granville 119 Theydon Park Road replacement dwelling and front boundary fence. Erection of detached garage and relocate vehicular access point. **Waltham Abbey** EPF/0713/17 Subdivision of previously approved flats to King Harold Court create three new flats Sun Street EPF/1075/17 Demolition of existing building and erection of Greenacre detached dwelling with basement and rooms in 9 Woodman Lane the roof. (Revised drawings). EPF/1782/17 Demolition of existing bungalow. Construction Marvdel of 3 bed detached house and 2 x 3 bed Copt Hall Green semi-detached houses. Willingale EPF/3063/17 Demolition of existing garage block and Quires Green construction of new garage building with study Walls Green and shower room to rear and room within roof. DISMISSED **Buckhurst Hill** EPF/0339/18 Two storey and single storey side and rear 2 Gladstone Road extension. EPF/1064/17 New three-storey classroom building and link Braeside Junior School element with associated alterations, parking 82 Palmerston Road and boundary treatments EPF/3124/16 Two storey side extension to accommodate 1 154 Princes Road bedroom self contained flat on ground floor and 1 studio flat on first floor with on-site parking and amenity space. Chigwell EPF/0200/18 Erection of a 5 bedroom detached two storey 1 Stradbroke Drive

dwelling with two rear dormer windows at roof level. (Same proposal as previously refused

application EPF/1123/17).

EPF/2669/17	Outline application for demolition of existing house and garage and erection of proposed three detached dwellings with garages and associated works. (Revised application from EPF/2472/16).	93 Manor Road
EPF/2785/17	Demolish existing structure and construct one Bedroom, two storey dwelling house.	26 Maypole Drive (land adjacent to)
Epping EPF/0947/17	Demolition of existing houses and construction of a new building to provide 28 no. 1 and 2 bedroom sheltered retirement apartments with parking, bin/buggy storage, communal space, access and landscaping.	1-5 Stonards Hill
EPF/1918/17	Proposed new attached dwelling on land adjacent to no. 12	Land adj 12 Margaret Close
EPF/2246/17	Redevelopment of land to the rear of 287-291 High Street to provide 6 residential units	287-291 High Street
EPF/2265/17	Proposed new vehicular access and hardstanding High Road	2 Creeds Cottages
EPF/2640/17	Double storey side extension and single storey rear extension.	8 Brook Road
EPF/3404/17	Proposed first floor extension	19 Church Hill
Loughton EPF/0897/17	First floor extension, new mansard roof, and new rear extension to provide 4 flats comprising 2 x 1 bed and 2 x 2 bed flats.	1 Ollards Grove
Nazeing EPF/0002/18	Change of use of existing outbuilding currently used to store building materials into a separate residential dwelling	Osborne Nazeing Road
EPF/1493/16	Outline Application for 7 no. Self-Build Houses in accordance with Housing & Planning Act 2016 and Self-Build Act 2015.	Broxlea Nursery Nursery Road
EPF/3062/16	Outline application for the redevelopment of nursery to provide up to 50 dwellinghouses including means of access (all other matters reserved)	Fernbank Nursery Nazeing Road
North Weald Ba EPF/2343/17	Ssett New vehicular access to existing waste transfer station, including new access road and part change of use of paddock.	Marlow High Road Thornwood
EPF/2771/17	Erection of a detached 1.5 storey two bedroomed dwelling with associated car parking and new access onto High Road (alternative to previously approved bungalow EPF/1440/15).	21 Princes Close North Weald

Ongar		
EPF/0007/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	5 Fairbank Close
EPF/0008/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	10 Fairbank Close
EPF/0009/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	9 Fairbank Close
EPF/0010/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	2 Fairbank Close
EPF/0011/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	21 Fairfield Road
EPF/0012/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	1 Fairfield Road
EPF/0013/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	11 Fairfield Road
EPF/0014/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	7 Fairfield Road
EPF/0015/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	15 Fairfield Road
EPF/0016/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	17 Fairfield Road
EPF/0017/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	23 Fairfield Road
EPF/0018/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	19 Fairfield Road
EPF/0019/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	23A Fairfield Road
EPF/0020/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	13 Fairfield Road
EPF/0021/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	5 Fairfield Road
EPF/0022/17	Change of use of land from agricultural to garden	9 Fairfield Road
Roydon		
EPF/1185/17	Erection of a 4 bedroom residential dwelling. Netherhall Road	Sunnyside
EPF/1214/17	Demolition of existing outbuilding and the construction of a two storey detached dwelling.	Land adjoining Marford Tylers Road
Theydon Bois EPF/2528/17	Demolition of detached bungalow and erection of replacement (Revised application to EPF/1134/17) Theydon Bois	Lillicroft Nurseries Abridge Road
Theydon Mount EPF/2248/17	Demolition of barn and erection of two detached houses.	1 Mount End Mount End Road
Waltham Abbey EPF/2606/16	Certificate of Lawful Development for proposed first floor rear extension.	3 Woodgreen Road Upshire
EPF/3197/17	Demolition of existing bungalow. Construction of 3 storey block of 7 flats. Re-submission of refused application: EPF/2596/16	69 Farm Hill Road
Willingale EPF/1776/17	Re-development of existing and former Nissen	Land to the east of Berry
	Huts to create a single storey, three bedroom house.	Lodge, Fyfield Road

PART ALLOWED AND PART DISMISSED

Nazeing EPF/2728/16

Retrospective planning application to retain first floor side extension, ground floor front porch extension and external railings to front and rear roof areas. Flat roofs are not accessible except for maintenance.

School Knotts Middle Street

Appeal Decision

Site visit made on 12 June 2018

by Richard Aston BSc (Hons) DipTP MRTPI

an Inspector appointed by the Secretary of State

Decision date: 2nd July 2018.

Appeal Ref: APP/J1535/W/17/3190473 Marydel, Copthall Green, Waltham Abbey EN9 3TB

- The appeal is made under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 against a refusal to grant planning permission.
- The appeal is made by Mr Schmidt against the decision of Epping Forest District Council.
- The application Ref EPF/1782/17, dated 22 June 2017, was refused by notice dated 15 November 2017.
- The development proposed is demolition of existing bungalow, construction of 3 bed detached house and 2 x 3 bed semi-detached houses.

Decision

1. The appeal is allowed and planning permission is granted for demolition of existing bungalow, construction of 3 bed detached house and 2 x 3 bed semi-detached houses at Marydel, Copthall Green, Waltham Abbey EN9 3TB in accordance with the terms of the application, Ref EPF/1782/17, dated 22 June 2017, subject to the conditions set out in the attached schedule.

Application for costs

2. An application for costs was made by Mr Schmidt against Epping Forest District Council. This application is the subject of a separate Decision.

Preliminary Matters

- 3. There is no dispute that the proposal lies within the Green Belt and would not be inappropriate development as defined in development plan policy and the National Planning Policy Framework ('the Framework'). On the evidence before me I have no reasons to disagree with that position.
- 4. The site lies within the Upshire Conservation Area ('UCA') and the Council's reason for refusal relates to a cramped form of development out of keeping with the character of the area but does not refer to this designation. There is a statutory duty imposed by Section 72(1) of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 requiring decision makers to pay special attention to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the character or appearance of a Conservation Area. I have considered the appeal on this basis.
- 5. I have been referred to the emerging Epping Forest District Local Plan Submission Version 2017. Whilst this is the plan that the Council intend to submit for examination, its contents could be subject to change and it does not yet form part of the adopted development plan. In accordance with Paragraph 216 of the Framework I attach limited weight to it.

Main Issue

6. Given the above, the main issue is the effect of the proposal on the Upshire Conservation Area.

Reasons

- 7. The appeal site is part of a small linear settlement with commercial and residential ribbon development stretching along Crown Hill. The properties step down Crown Hill and are located opposite open fields and copses of woodland. There are a variety of irregular gaps and spaces in front of and between the properties that give views of sky and mature trees to the rear that positively contribute to the character and appearance of the area.
- 8. The UCA is extensive and covers a significant area of countryside, including other linear hamlets. I find that its significance appears to lie in its prevailing rural character and the buildings consisting of mainly traditional historic dwellings which, whilst not being individually distinct they combine to form a traditional aesthetic with a range of styles from different architectural periods, utilising traditional materials and fenestration.
- 9. The existing property is a single storey bungalow of little architectural or historic interest. Although the footprint and height of the existing single storey built form allows for a sense of spaciousness across the appeal site, I share the view of the Council's Conservation adviser that the current built form makes a negative contribution to this part of the UCA.
- 10. The proposal would not extend beyond the existing building line and gaps would be retained between the proposed dwellings and with the properties on either side, allowing views to the rear. The scale and height of the dwellings would be in keeping with adjoining properties and they would step down the hill reflecting the appearance of Wilmott Cottages and the wider streetscene.
- 11. Whilst there would be a partial loss of the space and perception of it, it would be replaced by buildings that in terms of size, siting, design and appearance would be entirely appropriate given the mixed vernacular in the area. They would not appear unacceptably cramped and I do not agree that a smaller garden size compared to some neighbouring properties would be so perceptible to the extent that indicates spatial or visual harm that should warrant the dismissal of the appeal on such grounds.
- 12. For these reasons, the proposal would both preserve and enhance the character and appearance of the UCA. It would accord with Policies DBE1 and DBE8 of the Epping Forest District Local Plan and Alterations. These policies, when taken as a whole require new buildings to respect their siting in terms of scale, proportions and height, are sympathetic in terms of external materials and provide amenity space which is of a size, shape and nature that enables reasonable use. In the context of the Framework, the development does not cause harm to the significance of a designated heritage asset and therefore accords with the heritage objectives of the Framework.

Other Matters

13. In reaching this view I have had regard to the representations made by third parties in terms of flooding, highway safety, living conditions and domestic lighting. I acknowledge there is some local objection to the scheme but given

- the conditions I have imposed the appeal proposal would not increase flooding or flood risk and would not cause harm to the safety of the local highway network or its users. I am also satisfied that on the evidence before me the proposal would not harm protected species or the living conditions of neighbouring occupiers. Furthermore, both the Council and statutory consultees to the application did not object on these grounds and I have no substantive evidence on which to reach a different view.
- 14. Whilst my attention has been drawn to development in the wider area that has been refused permission, I have not been provided with the full details and cannot therefore be certain they are directly comparable to the proposal before me. In any event each case must be determined on its own merits. Thus none of these other considerations, on their own or in combination, alter my view in relation to the main issue and do not warrant dismissal of the appeal on such grounds.

Conditions

- 15. I have considered the conditions put forward by the Council and have amended the wording where necessary in the interests of clarity and simplicity. A condition is required to ensure compliance with the approved plans as this provides certainty. I have imposed a condition requiring details of the external materials to be agreed. This is in order to protect the character and appearance of the UCA.
- 16. Conditions are necessary for visibility splays, parking and turning areas to be provided, access arrangements and details and gates to be implemented and retained as such, in the interests of highway safety. The Council have requested a Flood Risk Assessment but the site does not appear to lie in a designated Flood Zone and I have not been provided with the justification for such a requirement and I have not therefore imposed it. Nonetheless, surface water is a concern so to prevent any increased risk I have imposed a condition requiring details of a sustainable surface water drainage system.
- 17. To ensure that risks from land contamination to future users of the land and buildings are minimised a condition relating to investigation, remediation, verification and monitoring and maintenance of any contamination is also necessary. Conditions requiring details of the soft and hard landscaping of the site including future management and maintenance and tree protection are necessary to protect and enhance the character and appearance of the area, mindful that the arboriculture submissions refer to an earlier scheme. I have combined the requirement for wheel washing and construction/demolition hours into a single construction method statement condition, in the interests of highway safety and the living conditions of neighbouring occupiers.
- 18. I do not share the officer's view that any future extensions to these dwellings would represent limited infilling and in my view, would fall to be considered as extensions. As permitted development rights are generous for such dwellings a condition removing Classes A, B and C of permitted development rights. Given the location of the appeal site in the Green Belt and in order to protect the character and appearance of the UCA and living conditions of neighbouring occupiers. I consider that in this particular case these are the exceptional circumstances required for such a restriction.

19. Conditions 3, 11, 12, 14 and 16 are conditions precedent and I am satisfied that they are fundamental to the development to ensure that it does not occur until such matters are resolved, in the interest of the effects on the character and appearance of the area, contamination, highway safety and the living conditions of neighbouring occupiers.

Conclusion

- 20. For the reasons given above, subject to conditions the proposal would accord with the development plan, when read as whole. Material considerations, including the Framework do not indicate that a decision should be made other than in accordance with the development plan.
- 21. Having considered all other matters raised, I therefore conclude that the appeal should be allowed.

Richard Aston

INSPECTOR

SCHEDULE

CONDITIONS

- 1) The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this decision.
- 2) The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plans: 1864/02F, 1864/03 and 1864/01D.
- 3) No development shall take place until details of the materials to be used in the construction of the external surfaces of the buildings hereby permitted have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. Development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details.
- 4) Prior to the first occupation of the development the visibility splays, as shown on drawing no.1864/05 shall be fully implemented and retained clear to ground level in perpetuity.
- Prior to the occupation of any of the proposed dwellings, the proposed private drive shall be constructed to a minimum width of 5 metres for at least the first 6 metres from the back edge of the carriageway and provided with an appropriate dropped kerb crossing of the verge.
- 6) Prior to the first occupation of the development the existing redundant vehicular access to the site shall be permanently closed off, incorporating the reinstatement of the highway verge and full height kerbing.
- 7) The dwellings hereby permitted shall not be occupied until the areas shown on approved plan 1864/02F for the parking and turning of vehicles have been provided, surfaced and marked out. Subsequently, the parking and turning areas shall not be used for any purpose other than the parking and turning of vehicles.
- 8) No unbound material shall be used in the surface treatment of the vehicular access within 6 metres of the highway boundary.
- 9) Any gates provided at the vehicular access shall be inward opening only and shall be set back a minimum of 6 metres from the back edge of the carriageway.
- 10) No building hereby permitted shall be occupied until surface water drainage works shall have been implemented in accordance with details that shall first have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. Before any details are submitted to the local planning authority an assessment shall be carried out of the potential for disposing of surface water by means of a sustainable drainage system, having regard to Defra's non-statutory technical standards for sustainable drainage systems (or any subsequent version), and the results of the assessment shall have been provided to the local planning authority. The details shall demonstrate that adjacent properties shall not be subject to increased flood risk and, dependent upon the capacity of the receiving drainage, shall include calculations of any increased

storm run-off and the necessary on-site detention. Where a sustainable drainage scheme is to be provided, the submitted details shall:

- i) provide information about the design storm period and intensity, the method employed to delay and control the surface water discharged from the site and the measures taken to prevent pollution of the receiving groundwater and/or surface waters;
- ii) include a timetable for its implementation; and,
- iii) provide, a management and maintenance plan for the lifetime of the development which shall include the arrangements for adoption by any public authority or statutory undertaker and any other arrangements to secure the operation of the scheme throughout its lifetime.
- No development shall commence until an assessment of the risks posed 11) by any contamination, carried out in accordance with British Standard BS 10175: Investigation of potentially contaminated sites - Code of Practice and the Environment Agency's Model Procedures for the Management of Land Contamination (CLR 11) (or equivalent British Standard and Model Procedures if replaced), shall have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. If any contamination is found, a report specifying the measures to be taken, including the timescale, to remediate the site to render it suitable for the approved development shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The site shall be remediated in accordance with the approved measures and timescale and a verification report shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. If, during the course of development, any contamination is found which has not been previously identified, work shall be suspended and additional measures for its remediation shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The remediation of the site shall incorporate the approved additional measures and a verification report for all the remediation works shall be submitted to the local planning authority within 21 days of the report being completed and approved in writing by the local planning authority.
- 12) No development shall take place until details of the soft and hard landscaping of the site have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. Development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details.
- 13) All planting, seeding, turfing and other details comprised in the approved details of landscaping shall be carried out in the first planting and seeding seasons following the occupation of the buildings or the completion of the development, whichever is the sooner; and any trees or plants which within a period of 5 years from the completion of the development die, are removed or become seriously damaged or diseased shall be replaced in the next planting season with others of similar size and species.
- 14) No site clearance, preparatory work or development shall take place until a revised scheme for the protection of the retained trees (the tree protection plan) and the appropriate working methods (the arboricultural method statement) in accordance with Paragraphs 5.5 and 6.1 of British Standard BS 5837: Trees in relation to design, demolition and

- construction Recommendations (or in an equivalent British Standard if replaced) shall have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The scheme for the protection of the retained trees shall be carried out as approved. In this condition "retained tree" means an existing tree which is to be retained in accordance with the approved plans and particulars.
- 15) If any retained tree is cut down, uprooted or destroyed or dies, or becomes severely damaged or diseased another tree shall be planted at the same place and that tree shall be of such size and species and shall be planted, in accordance with condition 14, at such time as may be specified in writing by the local planning authority. In this condition "retained tree" means an existing tree which is to be retained in accordance with the approved plans and particulars.
- 16) No development shall take place, including any works of demolition, until a Construction Method Statement has been submitted to, and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The Statement shall provide for:
 - the parking of vehicles of site operatives and visitors and traffic management;
 - ii) loading and unloading of plant and materials;
 - iii) storage of plant and materials used in constructing the development;
 - iv) wheel washing facilities;
 - v) measures to control the emission of dust and dirt during construction;
 - vi) a scheme for recycling/disposing of waste resulting from demolition and construction works;
 - vii) delivery, demolition and construction working hours.
 - viii) The erection and maintenance of security fencing/hoardings.
- 17) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (or any order revoking and re-enacting that Order with or without modification), no development under Schedule 2, Part 1, Classes A, B or C shall take place on the dwellinghouses other than those expressly authorised by this permission.



Appeal Decision

Site visit made on 25 June 2018

by Graham Chamberlain BA (Hons) MSc MRTPI

an Inspector appointed by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government Decision date: 5th July 2018

Appeal Ref: APP/J1535/W/18/3197262 69 Farm Hill Road, Waltham Abbey EN9 1NG

- The appeal is made under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 against a refusal to grant planning permission.
- The appeal is made by Mr Sam Hellen against the decision of Epping Forest District Council.
- The application Ref EPF/3197/17, dated 10 November 2017, was refused by notice dated 14 February 2018.
- The development proposed is demolition of existing bungalow and construction of 3 storey block of flats.

Decision

1. The appeal is dismissed.

Reasons

- 2. The main issue in this appeal is the effect of the proposed development on the character and appearance of the area.
- 3. The appeal site currently encompasses a single storey residential property and its associated garden. It is positioned on the northern side of Farm Hill Road, which is mainly an edge of town residential street. The pattern of development on the northern side of Farm Hill Road in the vicinity of the appeal site is predominately characterised by semi-detached properties set back from the road behind front gardens and arranged in a discernible building line. The buildings tend to have a similar height, width and overall massing. They are also arranged with a reasonable degree of spaciousness between and around the buildings. There are however, some notable exceptions including detached buildings and a pair of semi- detached properties set notably forward of adjoining buildings.
- 4. The development on the southern side of the road has a much more eclectic form and scale and includes both a single storey community building and the large flatted development in Howards Close, which is a large standalone cluster of buildings arranged over three storeys.
- 5. The existing bungalow within the appeal site is broadly positioned in the centre of the plot. It is an anomaly within the row of two storey properties within which it is located and therefore its replacement with a two storey building of a similar massing to nearby buildings need not harm the character and appearance of the area and in some ways provides an opportunity to intensify and optimise development within the appeal site.

- 6. Nevertheless, the appeal scheme is for a building that would be overtly arranged over three floors and notably wider than any of the buildings on the northern side of the road in the vicinity of the appeal site. The proposed block of flats would also be much deeper than adjoining buildings and this would place its rear elevation unusually close to the rear boundary of the plot and result in untypically small area for outdoor amenity space.
- 7. The combined impact of these features of the design would result in the building appearing relatively cramped and bulky within its plot and therefore a strident addition to the street scene. The cramped appearance would not be aided by the presence of a large bike and bin store in the front garden and an unrelieved expanse of hand standing that would accommodated up to eight vehicles. Thus, I find that the proposal would harm the character and appearance of the area.
- In reaching this conclusion I note that the proposal would not be higher than the existing buildings either side as the eaves and ridge heights would be comparable. The depth would also be broken up as the scale drops to a single storey and materials would be used that complement the locality. These aspects of the design are to be commended but they would not mitigate for the building's cramped appearance when considered as a whole.
- 9. I therefore conclude that the appeal scheme would harm the character and appearance of the area placing it in conflict with Policies CP3 and DBE1 of the Epping Forest District Local Plan (1998) and Alterations (2006). These policies seek to secure development that is consistent with, and respect the setting of, and character of the locality. These policies are consistent with Paragraphs 17 and 58 of the National Planning Policy Framework (the 'Framework') and therefore the conflict with the above development plan policies can be afforded significant weight.
- 10. The Council has referred to an emerging policy but I have afforded it very limited weight given the stage of preparation. The Council has also referred to Policy DBE2 in its reason for refusal but its relevance to the matter in hand is unclear as it primarily relates to residential amenity.

Other Matters

- 11. The appeal scheme is a revised proposal submitted in an attempt to overcome concerns raised following an unsuccessful appeal². The proposal has been reduced in height and width. However, the alterations have not gone sufficiently far enough to ensure the building would sit comfortably within the context of development on the northern side of Farm Hill Road.
- 12. The appeal scheme had been the subject of pre application discussions and the Council's planning officers had recommended approval of the appeal scheme when it was presented to the Council's planning committee. I have carefully considered the reasons underpinning this recommendation. However, the Council ultimately refused the proposal and I share its concerns for the reasons already given. Thus, the support of the Council's planning officers is not a determinative point in favour of the proposal in this instance.

¹ Policies DM9 of the Epping Forest District Local Plan (Submission Version) 2017

² APP/J1535/W/17/3169777

- 13. Various concerns have been raised by interested parties including reservations over their living conditions, the impact on highway safety and the loss of a bungalow, which I have noted. However, given my findings above it has not been necessary for me to address these matters further as the appeal has failed on the main issue.
- 14. Although not a point made by the appellant the Council has referred in its committee report to a current inability to demonstrate an adequate housing land supply (as required to by the Framework). As such, Paragraph 14 of the Framework is engaged. This indicates that in such circumstances planning permission should be granted unless any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits when assessed against the policies in the Framework taken as a whole *or* specific policies in the Framework indicate development should be restricted.
- 15. The Framework does not define what a specific policy restricting development is and Footnote 9 to Paragraph 14, which identifies examples, is an open list. Paragraph 64 of the Framework states that permission should be refused for development of poor design that fails to take opportunities available for improving the character and quality of an area. This is an instructional policy so it is hard to see how it could be read as anything other than a specific policy restricting development that has been found to be of a poor design. As the proposal would harm the character and appearance of the area I consider it is of a poor design and therefore, as a material consideration, the Framework indicates the development should be restricted.
- 16. Notwithstanding the above, it is still necessary for me to consider the benefits of the proposal. The appeal scheme would deliver a number of benefits as it would be a windfall development that would support the local economy through construction jobs and the circulation of funds. However, the practical effect of this has not been demonstrated. In addition, the proposal would make a more efficient use of land and modestly boost housing supply in a location close to services and facilities. Nevertheless, the proposal would also harm the character and appearance of the area and this would be at odds with the development plan. Many of the forgoing benefits could be achieved with a more sensitively designed redevelopment. In my view, the benefits of the proposal would not outweigh the harm that would occur.

Conclusion

17. The appeal scheme would be contrary to the development plan and material considerations do not indicate planning permission should be forthcoming in spite of this. Accordingly, for this reason, the reasons given above, and having regard to all matters raised, I conclude the appeal should be dismissed.

Graham Chamberlain
INSPECTOR

